

AGENDA ITEM NO: 2

Report No:

Report To: Inverclyde Alliance Board Date: 17 June 2019

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Education, Communities & Organisational Development

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Subject: Inverclyde Cultural Partnership Update & Draft Heritage Strategy

1.0 PURPOSE

1.1 The purpose of this report is to:

- (a) Provide the Inverclyde Alliance Board with an update on the work of the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership, and;
- (b) Present to the Inverclyde Alliance Board a new Heritage Strategy for Inverclyde, the production of which is a key part of, and has been funded by, the Great Place Scheme.

2.0 SUMMARY

- 2.1 The Inverciyde Cultural Partnership supports the delivery of the Culture and Heritage priority of the Inverciyde Outcomes Improvement Plan. Membership is drawn from local organisations, groups and individuals with an interest in arts, culture and heritage.
- 2.2 The Cultural Partnership has identified a range of tasks and priorities to take forward which have been published as a detailed Delivery Action Plan and approved by the Alliance Board. This report summarises recent activity on a number of those workstreams.
- 2.3 One of those workstreams is the production of a Heritage Strategy for Inverclyde, which is being funded through the Great Place Scheme. The Cultural Partnership has overseen this process and is pleased to present the Heritage Strategy to the Alliance Board for approval.

3.0 RECOMMENDATIONS

- 3.1 It is recommended that the Alliance Board notes the progress made on current workstreams.
- 3.2 It is recommended that the Alliance Board endorses the Heritage Strategy for Inverclyde.

Ruth Binks

Corporate Director Education, Communities & Organisational Development

4.0 BACKGROUND

4.1 The Inverclyde Outcome Improvement Plan (IOIP) focuses on Environment, Culture and Heritage as one of its priorities:

'Inverclyde's environment, culture and heritage will be protected and enhanced to create a better place for all Inverclyde residents and an attractive place in which to live, work and visit.'

There are two partnerships which support the delivery of this priority: the Environment Partnership and the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership. The Cultural Partnership focusses on the arts, culture and heritage element of this priority. Membership is drawn from organisations, groups and individuals with an interest in arts, culture and/or heritage, and meets every six weeks, where possible in buildings which are part of Inverclyde's heritage, across the three Community Planning Partnership localities. The Partnership seeks to engage with local community groups within the localities, with an interest in arts, culture and heritage and will map its work against the ongoing development of locality plans.

4.2 Since the last meeting of the Alliance Board, the Invercive Cultural Partnership has met once, on 10 April 2019. This meeting had a single-item agenda and was held to review and discuss an early draft of the Invercive Heritage Strategy (please see below for more information).

4.3 Workstream Updates

Great Place Scheme

<u>Evaluation</u>: The National Lottery Heritage Fund have appointed the Audience Agency as external evaluators of all of the Great Place Scheme projects across the UK; the Audience Agency have further confirmed that they will produce one in-depth case study from the 9 Scottish projects and that they wish to focus on the Inverciyde project.

<u>Heritage Strategy</u>: A key focus of the Great Place Scheme project in recent months, more information below.

John Galt Visit: The Heritage Outreach Officer has been working with North Ayrshire Council to support a visit to Inverclyde on Wed 1 May by individuals from Guelph (Ontario, Canada) with an interest in author, entrepreneur and political commentator John Galt (1779 Irvine – 1839 Greenock). Galt founded the town of Guelph in 1827. The Canadian guests will be welcomed by the Heritage Outreach officer and the Inverclyde Tourist Group at Notre Dame High School, where they will be joined by S2 pupils for a morning performance of *John Galt and the Instant City*, a piece of musical theatre written in commemoration of Galt's 240th birthday. The party will then travel to the Municipal Buildings for a light lunch with Provost Brennan, and a tour of the buildings by the Tourist Group, to the Watt Institution to see mineral specimens and papers relating to Galt, and onwards to Inverkip Street Cemetery where Galt is buried, Westburn Street where there is a plaque to mark his place of death, the John Galt Memorial Fountain on the Esplanade, and the Burns Room at the Custom House.

<u>Recruitment</u>: the Heritage Outreach Officer has been appointed to another role within the Cultural team, and therefore recruitment for a replacement will start shortly.

Arts and Creativity Strategy

As noted previously, Creative Scotland have funded a 0.4 FTE Arts Co-ordinator for the area who is based at CVS Inverciyed with input from Inverciyed Council's Cultural Services team. The post-holder started work in March 2019 and is tasked with facilitating collaboration, co-ordination and communication between all with an interest in arts in the area, as well as producing a tangible action plan for the Arts and Creativity Strategy. Activities, meetings and actions so far include:

- Meetings with local artists and arts organisations; Riverside Inverclyde; Inverclyde Community Development Trust; the Wyllie Foundation; Creative Scotland; the Watt Institution; National Lottery Heritage Fund
- Joined Cryptic Sonica Festival and Surge outdoor arts director bursary (Kayos) up with Galoshans as new partners for 2019
- Supported RIG Arts with *Galoshans* 2019 Creative Scotland application

James Watt Bicentenary

<u>James Watt Book Launch:</u> Following publication of a new book "The Power to Change the World: James Watt – A Life in 50 Objects" by Dr Malcom Dick and Kate Croft, a launch will be held from 11am on Sat 1 June at the Beacon Arts Centre. Dr Dick will give a short talk, followed by Q&A and signing. The Curator of the McLean Museum has contributed a number of chapters to the publication.

<u>Virtual Watt Walk</u>: A video promoting the project is being circulated to all schools to encourage takeup.

When Art Tells Tales: Intergenerational project creating music and art inspired by James Watt is ongoing. The Heritage Outreach Officer and McLean Museum Curator are developing a bid to Museums Galleries Scotland Festival Fund for a final exhibition and performance in August to coincide with the bi-centenary. This will likely be at the Beacon as it is now unlikely that the Watt Institution will be open by August.

<u>Academic Dinner</u>: This is in the process of being arranged for Wednesday 20 November 2019, to be held in Greenock Town Hall and hosted by Professor Colin McInnes, the James Watt Chair in Engineering Science at the University of Glasgow.

<u>Watt Tartan</u>: The James Watt Commemorative Tartan has now been officially registered and has gone into production.

4.4 Heritage Strategy

The successful bid to develop a Heritage Strategy for Inverclyde was awarded to a collaboration led by Jura Consultants working with icecream architecture. The study commenced in December 2018 and had a number of phases including desk-based research; staff and stakeholder consultation; and public engagement. The consultants have now produced a draft Heritage Strategy for Inverclyde which the Cultural Partnership have had an opportunity to see and comment on, and feedback received has been incorporated into a further draft, which is presented as an appendix to this report.

The Strategy presents an overview of heritage in Inverclyde; strategic priorities and opportunities; mapping of heritage sites and buildings; comprehensive information on the staff, stakeholder and public consultation carried out; a vision, aims and objectives, and a leadership framework for heritage in Inverclyde; a delivery model; and an implementation strategy.

5.0 PROPOSALS

- 5.1 It is proposed that the Alliance Board notes the progress made in the various Inverclyde Cultural Partnership workstreams.
- It is proposed that the Alliance Board endorses the Invercive Heritage Strategy 2019-29.

6.0 IMPLICATIONS

6.1 Legal: There are no legal implications arising from this report.

Finance: There are no financial implications arising from this report.

Human Resources: There are no human resources implications arising from this report.

Equality and Diversity: There are no equality and diversity implications arising from this report.

Repopulation: Culture, arts and heritage are useful ways in which to raise the profile of Inverclyde, and can attract people to visit the area.

Inequalities: The Cultural Partnership will map its activity to the three Community Planning localities, and will engage with groups in these areas.

7.0 CONSULTATIONS

7.1 Significant public consultation was carried out prior to the production of the Inverclyde Heritage Strategy. More details are contained within the Strategy document.

8.0 LIST OF BACKGROUND PAPERS

8.1 Inverclyde Heritage Strategy 2019-29 (Appendix 1).

APPENDIX 1



Inverclyde Heritage Strategy: Contents

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Inverclyde Heritage Strategy: Foreword

As Chair of Inverclyde Alliance, the Inverclyde Community Planning Partnership, I am delighted to introduce Inverclyde's Heritage Strategy 2019-2029.

Inverciyde Alliance's *Outcomes Improvement Plan 2017-2022: Moving Forward Together* identifies three strategic priorities for the area, one of which - Environment, Culture and Heritage – recognises that a thriving culture and heritage offer can have a positive impact on the physical, mental and social wellbeing of residents of all ages, as well as contributing to social and economic regeneration, promoting tourism, and making Inverciyde a more attractive place to live, work and visit.

Commissioned by the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership, one of the Outcomes Improvement Plan delivery groups, the Strategy has been prepared in consultation with community groups and organisations with an interest in culture and heritage, as well as with Inverciyde's communities. In order to celebrate and promote our unique culture and heritage, a vital part of the strategy is to ensure it is available to all and to provide the community, including our children and young people, with opportunities to engage, volunteer, and learn new skills.



The Strategy comes at a time when the public sector is facing unprecedented financial challenges, and this will require us to work closely with a wide range of partners from the public, private, and third sectors to achieve the Strategy's ambitious vision, aims and objectives and the strong, sustainable infrastructure required to ensure that heritage is in the best possible position to build civic pride and social capital. The Strategy will therefore serve as a framework for partners with an interest in culture and heritage to share, learn and collaborate.

The Strategy is both backwards and forwards looking in its understanding of heritage, acknowledging that heritage does not simply exist in the past but provides a sense of enduring continuity helping us to make sense of today and to make decisions about how things should be in the future. It will help to ensure that Inverclyde's unique culture and heritage is preserved for present and future generations.

Stephen McCabe
Chair, Inverclyde Alliance Board
Leader of Inverclyde Council

1.0 The Heritage Strategy: Introduction

A titan of industry and trade, place of spectacular natural beauty, magnet for immigration, launchpad for the Scottish diaspora and birthplace of internationally renowned individuals whose legacy is still felt today, Inverclyde has a profound and significant heritage.

Inverclyde's History - A Summary

Inverclyde is steeped in centuries of maritime and industrial endeavour. Over the course of the 18th, 19th and 20th centuries Inverclyde's coastal settlements became world leaders in shipbuilding. Shipbuilding became a mainstay of the regional and national economy and gateway to the British Empire, North America and the Caribbean. The success of shipbuilding on the Clyde led to a rich heritage in trade, emigration and war – all relating to a much wider heritage of national and international significance. Post Second World War, an era of socio-economic ascendancy turned to decline, with competition from overseas leading to restructuring and eventually closure for many of Inverclyde's shipyards. The electronics industry emerged in the wake of shipbuilding and Inverclyde became part of 'Scotland's Silicon Valley' – Silicon Glen. However, electronics was never to replicate the peak of the shipbuilding era eventually declining in the early 2000's.









Inverclyde's history has not only played out along its coastal region. Before the dominance of the shipbuilding and maritime industries, one of the main economic activities in the region was agriculture. Inland, multiple farms nestled around the villages of Kilmacolm, Houston and the River Gryffe with strong commerce links to the towns along the Clyde. Today, the popular Kilmacolm Agricultural Show, now in its 183rd year, celebrates the region's agricultural heritage with demonstrations of Clydesdale horses making the historic journey up the hill from Port Glasgow to Kilmacolm.

Inverclyde as a regional entity is relatively new, redefined from the former governance of Renfrewshire in 1975, within which Port Glasgow, Greenock and Gourock were different boroughs. Each had a strong sense of place and identity derived, to a large extent, from the industries, occupations which defined the roles each settlement played in the area's rise to industrial preeminence rather than one regionally defined sense of self.



1.0 The Heritage Strategy: Introduction

Study Background

Inverclyde has a rich and unique heritage, intrinsically important to the sense of place and identities which are felt locally. However, heritage engagement falls short.

The Royal Society for the encouragement of Arts, Manufactures and Commerce (RSA) Heritage Index for Scotland ranks Inverciyed third out of 32 council areas for the quality of its industrial heritage. However, the region is ranked 13th for its community activity and engagement with heritage. Similarly, despite the strength of Inverciye's natural heritage assets, Inverciye is ranked second lowest in Scotland with regards to accessing its landscapes and wild spaces.

In a region which continues to be affected by a number of socio-economic challenges, heritage engagement has been identified as a key lever for regeneration. Inverclyde Council and its community planning partnership partners (the Inverclyde Alliance) are committed to improving the wellbeing and quality of life for residents and aim to do this through a partnership approach between public, private and third sector bodies with community support at its heart. The Inverclyde Alliance has set three strategic priorities for 2017–2022:







physical, mental and social wellbeing or residents of all ages, as well as contributing to social and economic regeneration, promoting tourism, developing local talent and innovation, and making the Inverclyde area a more attractive place to live, work and visit.' Inverclyde Council Corporate Plan 2017-2022.

The Inverciyde Heritage Strategy was commissioned by Inverciyde Council, working through the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership, a body of the Inverciyde Alliance formed to take forward priority three above. The group emerged from Inverciyde's Place Partnership (which commissioned the Arts & Creativity Strategy). The Inverciyde Heritage Strategy is funded by the Inverciyde Great Places Scheme and produced by Jura Consultants and icecream architecture.

- Population Inverclyde's population will be stable and sustainable with an appropriate balance of socio-economic groups that is conducive to local economic prosperity and longer term population growth
- Inequalities There will be low levels of poverty and deprivation and the gap in income and health between the richest and poorest members of our community will be reduced
- Environment, Culture and Heritage Inverclyde's environment, culture and heritage will be
 protected and enhanced to create a better place for all Inverclyde residents and an attractive place in
 which to live, work and visit



'A thriving arts, culture and heritage offer can have a positive impact on the

1.0 The Heritage Strategy: Introduction

Study Objectives

The Inverciyde Cultural Partnership's vision for the future is of a strong, sustainable heritage infrastructure operating across the public, private and third sectors. Achieving fluid engagement partnerships both within the sector and in cross-partnership initiatives, and growing the heritage sector capitalising on underused tangible and intangible assets are core objectives. A key area of focus is also determining the role for Inverciyde's principal heritage asset, the Watt Institution, set to reopen in Autumn 2019.

Defining Heritage

This Strategy adopts a broad definition of heritage to include:

the built environment (such as historic buildings and monuments); artefacts and materials (from museums and archival collections to online resources); natural heritage (such as landscapes and wildlife); and intangible heritage (local stories, traditions and practices).

The Strategy is both backwards and forwards looking in its understanding of heritage, acknowledging that heritage does not simply exist in the past but provides a sense of enduring continuity helping us to make sense of today and to make decisions about how things should be in the future. Heritage can be accessed as much through the contemporary experiences of life in Inverclyde today as it can by focussing on a particular period from the past.

Study Methodology

Our study methodology is based on a combination of desk-based and primary research. A total of 797 individuals including representatives from heritage groups and organisations, local councillors, schools and youth groups and local residents have participated in our consultation programme sharing their views on the meaning, value and role of heritage in Inverclyde today and the opportunities moving forward.









2.0 Inverclyde Today: Overview

Location

Inverclyde's landscape is characterised by spectacular scenery, outwardly along the coast enveloped by the Clyde and inwardly by the Clyde Muirshiel Regional Park. The majority of the region's settlements are positioned along the boundary edges, the largest on the banks of the River Clyde. As well as the outstanding scenery, the region benefits from efficient transport links to Glasgow and Edinburgh by road and rail (the former accessible within half an hour), rendering it a popular choice for commuters, particularly those who work in the Glasgow area.

Demographic

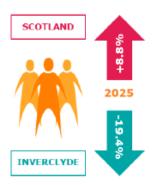
With a population of approximately 79,000, Invercive is one of Scotland's smallest local authorities. Greenock is the largest settlement and administrative centre (54%), followed by Port Glasgow (18%) and Gourock (13%). Considerable de-population has occurred in recent years, a trend which is projected to continue at an accelerated pace (projected decline by -19.4% from 2012 to 2037, compared with average growth of +8.8% across Scotland).

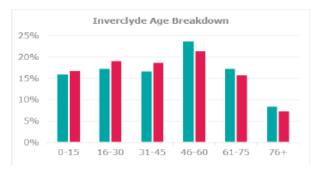
Compared with the national average, Inverciyed has a lower proportion of children and young people (up to 30 years), and a higher proportion of older people (aged 61+).

Visitor Market

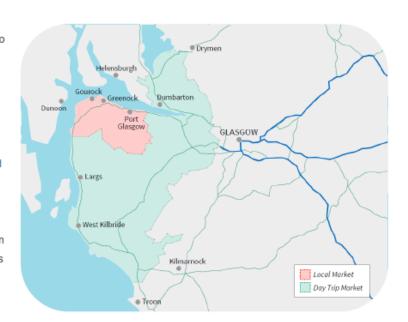
The visitor market for Inverclyde can be categorised into three market segments: local market, day trip market and tourist market.

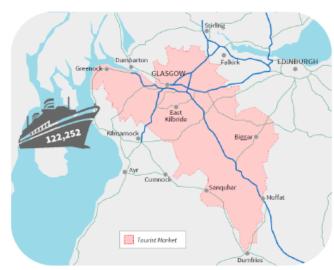
- Local Market: Inverclyde resident population (79,000)
- Day Trip Market: Those who live further afield but within a reasonable proximity with potential to visit Inverclyde as part of a day trip neighbouring local authorities including Renfrewshire, West Dunbartonshire and North Lanarkshire.
- Tourist Market: Visitors staying away from home for one or more nights either in Inverciyde or nearby with potential to visit. We have quantified this as approximately half of the Greater Glasgow and Clyde tourist market, excluding City of Glasgow 218,000 and cruise ship passengers docking in Greenock -122,000.





Source: Mid-Year Population Estimates, Mid-2017, nrscotland.gov.uk





2.0 Inverclyde Today: Overview

Today Inverciyde's economy is heavily reliant on the public sector. Inverciyde was affected particularly badly by the recession of 2008-2013. Whilst there has been a gradual improvement in the local economy over the past five years, a gap in terms of the socioeconomic position of inverciyde and the rest of Scotland remains.

Deprivation is high in a number of areas. In 2012, 40% of all datazones in Inverciyde were amongst the 15% most deprived in Scotland.

Deprivation is particularly high in areas of Greenock and Port Glasgow.

One in four children in Inverciyde live in poverty.

LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH (2014-2016) 75.6 (Scotland: 77.1)

EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT NVQ4+ (HND+): 38.3% (43.9% Scotland) Small and relatively narrow business base, with a reliance on a small number of larger employers, fewer high level jobs and over-reliance on the public sector for employment

UNEMPLOYMENT 2017/18

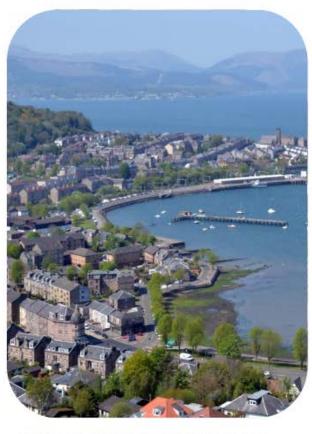
SCOTLAND 4.1% INVERCLYDE 5.3%

UNIVERSAL CREDIT CLAIMANTS 2018

SCOTLAND 2.7% INVERCLYDE 5.4%

GROSS ANNUAL SALARY

£27,397 Scotland £24,531 Inverciyde



Sources: Inverciyde Economic Development & Regeneration Single Operating Plan; Office for National Statistics, Nomis, Labour Market Profile – Inverciyde; Inverciyde Council Corporate Plan 2018/22

A range of strategies, initiatives and programmes are currently under development or in place to address the challenges faced by the region, utilising the area's key assets to grow the economy and stimulate socio-economic change making Inverclyde a better place to live, work, study and visit. Education has been a key priority for Inverclyde Council. Over the past 12 years the Council has invested more than £270 million in its schools estate and is well on its way to achieving its objective that 'by 2020 every child in Inverclyde will be educated in a brand new, or fully refurbished, educational establishment' (Inverclyde Alliance Outcomes Improvement Plan 2017-2022).

3.0 Inverclyde's Heritage: Strategic Priorities and Opportunities

Inverclyde Council are committed to making Inverclyde a successful place to live, work, study and visit. Heritage has been identified as a key driver in achieving this and, as a result, a number of strategies, initiatives and programmes are currently under development or in place which seek to explore the ways in which Inverclyde's key heritage assets can grow the economy and stimulate positive socio-economic change.

Three sectors have been identified as of particular importance to help grow Inverclyde's economy (Inverdyde Economic Development & Regeneration Single Operating Plan 2016-2019):

- Marine and engineering
- Financial and business services
- Leisure and tourism

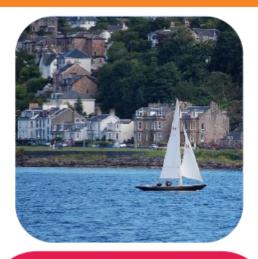
Inverclyde's leisure and tourism sector is identified as an emerging strand of the economy with considerable growth potential. Cruise ship tourism is one specific and important strand of this. Greenock is a gateway for substantial volumes of cruise ship passengers. However, with many by-passing Inverclyde on arrival and instead participating in daytrips further afield, the economic benefit to Inverclyde is not maximised. The Heritage Strategy has a role to play in addressing this and other challenges facing the sector in order to unlock the growth potential

Looking forward, the Glasgow and Clyde Valley City Deal offers an enormous opportunity for Inverclyde. The deal will provide £1.1billion in grant funding across eight local authorities over the next 20 years. The funding will support projects aimed at

creating employment, improving transport networks, delivering regeneration and development projects and encouraging private sector investment. One of the Deal's signature projects is the £14 million expansion of Greenock's Ocean Terminal increasing capacity to more than 100 cruise ships per year with upwards of 150,000 passengers. The new iconic facility will also deliver a new heritage attraction – featuring a museum displaying works by renowned local sculptor George Wyllie. This development alone brings considerable potential to impact on Inverclyde's cruise and wider tourist/ day trip markets. Fundamental to success for the Glasgow City Region Partnership is collaboration between the local authorities, working together with Scottish and UK Governments, related agencies and the wider business community (*Glasgow City Region Economic Action Plan, 2017*). It is important to understand the potential for Inverclyde's heritage

Moving beyond the regional, there are two key national initiatives which provide strategic opportunities for *Inverclyde*:

Each year **VisitScotland** announce a marketing theme for promoting the uniqueness and abundance of Scotland's assets which make up its overall visitor experience. This offers attractions and local heritage bodies an opportunity to capitalise on and enhance their offer in line with the national tourism agenda. The upcoming **Year of Coasts and Waters 2020** provides a key strategic opportunity for Inverclyde to promote it's distinctiveness as an area from which the large majority of its heritage and culture has stemmed from the River Clyde.



Inverslyde is well placed to benefit from National Lottery Heritage Fund support. The new Strategic Funding Framework 2019-2024 identifies Inverclyde as one of Scotland's two 'target areas' (the other North Lanarkshire) on the basis of level funding received to date (or lack thereof) coupled with scale of deprivation. The Heritage Fund also has a renewed focus on landscapes and nature, and community heritage. Inverciyde has much to offer in both of these areas. Finally, the Heritage Fund is set to launch various small time-limited campaigns such as capacity building, organisational resilience, digital capabilities, wellbeing, dynamic collections, and place -all directly relevant to Inverciyde as it looks to grow and enhance its heritage sector.

4.0 Mapping Inverclyde's Heritage: Designated and Undesignated Heritage

An appraisal of Inverclyde's heritage assets has shown the area to be rich in tangible evidence of it's history and past prosperity. Whilst modest in number compared to other Local Authority areas in Scotland, the following designated and non-designated assets collectively contribute to the history and unique character of Inverclyde as a post-industrial area with a strong heritage of trade and goods production.









Locally and Nationally Designated Assets

- 248 statutory Listed Buildings under the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) (Scotland) Act 1997. These are primarily located within Inverclyde's town and villages. 25 are graded as Category A deeming them of national or international importance, including Gourock Ropeworks in Port Glasgow and the Custom House and Sugar warehouses in Greenock.
- 31 Scheduled Monuments under the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979.
- 8 Conservation Areas under the Planning (Listed Buildings and Conservation Areas) (Scotland) Act 1997. These are:
- Greenock Cathcart Square/William Street and West End
- Inverkip
- Gourock West Bay and Kempock Street/Shore Street
- Kilmacolm The Cross and South East
- Quarriers Homes
- Five of these, excluding Kilmacolm (The Cross) and the two Gourock CAs, have an Article 4 Direction under the Town and Country Planning (General Permitted Development) (Scotland) Amendment Order 2011. Only Greenock (West End) CA has a full Character Appraisal.
- 3 Gardens and Designated Landscapes at the Ardgown, Finlaystone and Duchal House Estates
- 7 SSSIs at Coves Community Park Local Nature Reserve, Dunrod Hill, Knocknairs Hill, Renfrewshire Heights, Renfrewshire Heights Special Protection Area, Shielhill Glen and Wemyss Bay Woodland.
- 2 internationally designated Special Protection
 Area/RAMSAR (wetlands of international significance) sites.
- Inverclyde has no designated historic battlefields.

Buildings at Risk

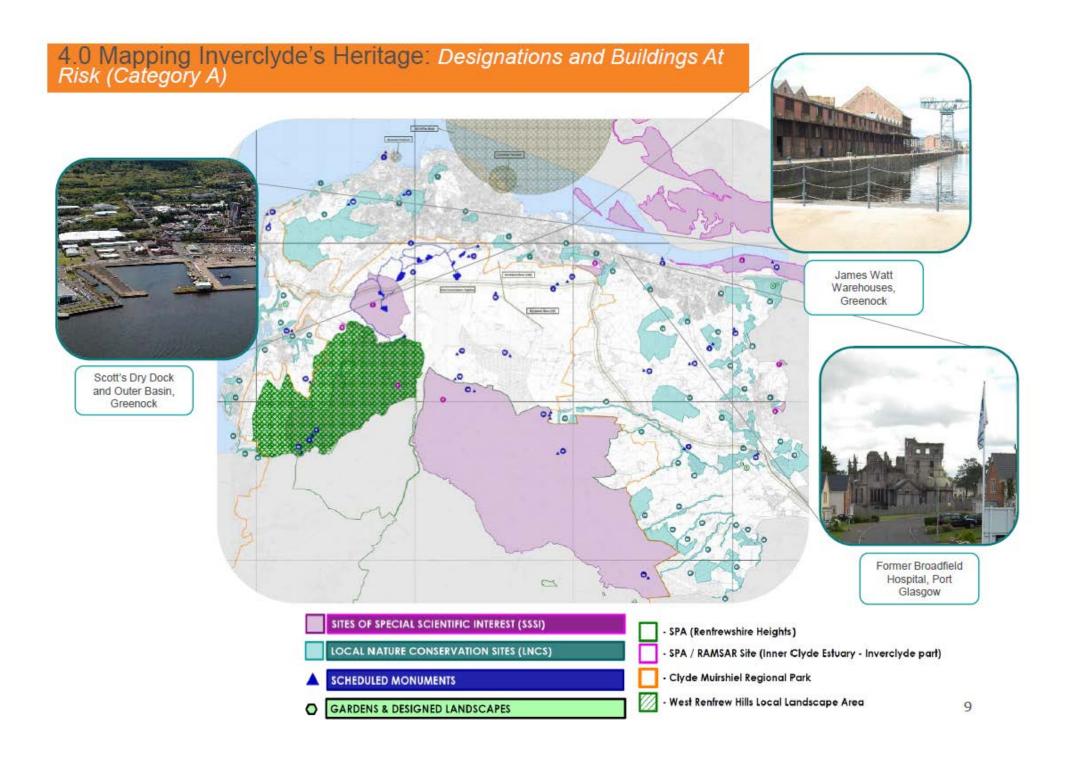
At present, 14 of Inverciyde's Listed
Buildings have fallen into disrepair to the
extent that they are deemed "at risk" of loss
by Historic Environment Scotland. These
include three Category A listed assets,
two of which are of significant tangible
evidence to Inverciyde's industrial past: the
James Watt Warehouse and Scott's Dry
Dock and Outer Basin, both in Greenock.
The former Broadfield Hospital in Port
Glasgow, deemed important for it's
architectural significance, is the third.

Non-designated Assets

Alongside the statutory designated assets Inverclyde Council has non-statutory designated 52 Local Nature

Conservation Sites (LNCSs) and 33 Tree Preservation Orders (TPOs)

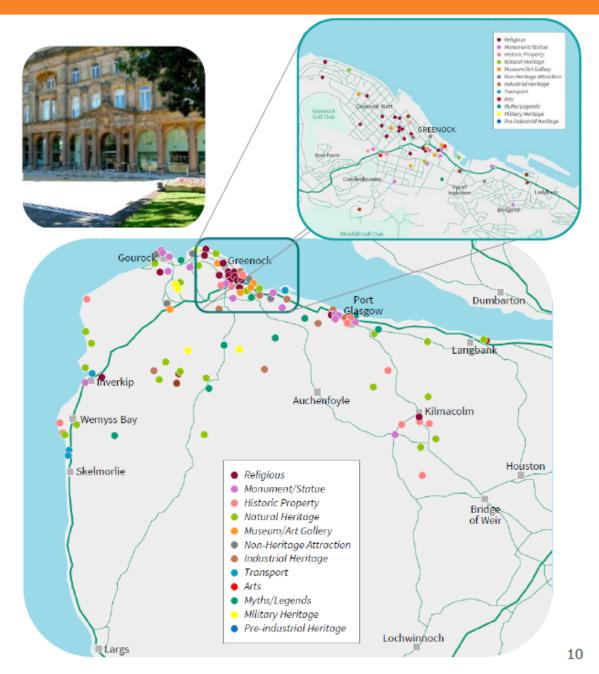
(protecting individual trees and entire woodlands deemed of importance). Both LNCSs and TPOs do not meet SSSI standards but have been identified by Inverciyde Council as locally important natural heritage at risk of being damaged by development.



4.0 Mapping Inverclyde's Heritage: Natural, Cultural and Built

Whilst Inverclyde has a wealth of tangible natural, cultural and built heritage assets, a limited volume have been developed primarily for the purpose of visitor engagement. The following conclusions are therefore drawn from an assessment of those assets which are accessible to the public. This includes both visitor attractions and those not necessarily marketed as, or available to visit as, "attractions" but which contribute to Inverclyde's overall built historic environment. With this in mind, Inverclyde's heritage assets are:

- Predominately located along the coast in the vicinity of Inverclyde's principal settlements, particularly within Greenock (see map). This is likely due to the historic reliance upon the River Clyde as a key economic driver for the region.
- Wide-ranging in their type and purpose. Natural heritage assets, historic buildings (religious buildings in particular) and monuments make up the majority of the heritage 'offer' across Inverclyde. Geographically, the Clyde Muirshiel Regional Park dominates as the region's largest asset.
- Largely related to the region's past as a place of industry, ship-building and trade. Many assets related to this past activity currently lie unused/abandoned, such as the James Watt Warehouses and Gourock Ropeworks. There may be opportunities going forward to utilise some of these buildings for heritage engagement activity.



4.0 Mapping Inverclyde's Heritage: Top Five Visitor Attractions

The map below shows Inverciyde's top five performing attractions, including those nonheritage or arts related. Natural heritage aside, leisure focused attractions consistently attract more visitors each year than Inverclyde's heritage assets. Fun World is the top performing attraction. Other popular attractions such as the Beacon Arts Centre and Gourock Outdoor Pool are arts/heritage attractions with a strong leisure focus. 1. Fun World Leisure, Gourock Gourock 1 Greenock 116,230 visitors** 5 Port Dumbarton Glasgow Langbank

Auchenfoyle

Kilmacolm

Houston

Bridge of Weir

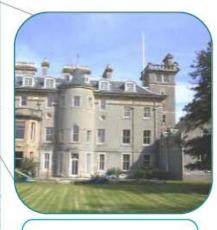
4

■ Inverkip

Wemyss Bay

Skelmorlie





3. Finlaystone Country Estate 75,000 visitors*



5. McLean Museum and Art Gallery and Watt Library

30,000 - 40,000 visitors and 15,000 visitors respectively***

*2017 figures. Source: Moffat Centre Visitor Attraction Monitor 2016/17

** data from 2016 (2017 figures not published)

*** Inverdyde Council, Numbers before closure.





4.0 Inverclyde's Heritage Stories, Traditions and Events

A 2015 report conducted by Edinburgh Napier University, 'Living Culture and Tourism in Scotland', assessed the shared intangible heritage of Scotland and the potential to capitalise on these for economic benefit through tourism. As one of the four study areas, Inverclyde was highlighted as having strong cultural resources and an established tourism network but with limited cooperation between these and as such, as having no single cultural practice defining it. It does however, share a number of living traditions with the rest of Scotland which are practised in various forms across the nation.

Regional and Local

- Traditional Crafts Inverclyde rose as an important shipbuilding industry in the 18th century.
- Goods Production and Trade As Invercive grew preeminent in the ship-building industry so too did its role as a trade centre, producing and distributing goods across the UK and the world. This included textiles and paper, iron and steel, sugar, cured fish, and whisky.
- Food & Drink Companies including Tate and Lyle (sugar), and Lawson's (lemonade) have been contributing to the food economy of Greenock as far back as the 1820s.
- Literature noteworthy authors from Inverciyde include George Blake, John Galt and WS Graham.
- People Influential people from Inverciyde include James Watt, William Quarrier, Henry 'Birdie' Bowers and George Wyllie, Chippy McNish, Highland Mary, and Stanley Spencer amongst others.

National

- Storytelling Stories of witchcraft, mermaids, "impish" creatures and children's games.
- Hogmanay including the traditions of "first footing" and the singing of Burns' Auld Lang Syne.
- Food Established cafes and restaurants serving local food such as Café Continental, Gourock (est. 1899) and Buchanan's Sweets, Greenock (est. 1856).
- Arts & Crafts including, for example, contemporary stained glass artist Alec Galloway, artist and industrial designer Dugald Cameron and artist Alison Watt.
- "Going Galoshans" A piece of folk theatre traditionally performed at Halloween which today takes the form of 'guising' or 'trick or treating' across the rest of Scotland.
- Traditional Music The Inverciyde Folk Club meet every week, and have done since 1990, to celebrate and perform a variety of traditional folk songs.
- Dialect Inverclyde falls into the 'Central Scots' group of dialects.
- Waulking Traditions including the Greenock based Sgioba Luaidh Inbhirchluaidh, a woman's waulking group who regularly perform publically.
- Dancing and Choral Singing 'Invercive Voices' are one of the region's largest choirs, with over 100 member.
- Burns Clubs The first ever Burns Club, also known as the 'Mother Club', was formed in 1801 by the Greenock Ayrshire Society and continues today.

Events and activities also help

to bring to life, sustain and fuel Inverclyde's heritage and traditions, retaining its relevance and engaging new audiences.



Examples of these include:

- Gourock Highland Games
- Port Glasgow and Kilmacolm Agricultural Show
- Inverkip and Wemyss Bay Gala Day
- Galoshans Parade
- Various music, theatre and arts performances held across the region's various venues.
- Burns Celebration events held by the Greenock Burns Club and Gourock Rotary Club.
- Scotland's Boat Show, Kip Marina
- Various talks delivered across Inverclyde celebrating the region's local history.
- Events relating to local nature and wildlife such as those organised by the Clyde Muirshiel Regional Park.
- World War Commemoration events.
- Family focused events.

4.0 Inverclyde's Heritage: Role of the Council

The Watt Institution incorporating the Watt Library (built 1832-1837) and the McLean Museum and Art Gallery (built 1876) play an important role in the cultural life of Inverclyde. The Grade A Listed complex is designed in the Gothic Revival style, with modern extension added in 1958 to accommodate the art gallery. The complex is home to a highly significant and diverse collection of local material from the Inverclyde area as well as artefacts from an array of cultures across 3,000 years of human history. Headline collections include Egyptology artefacts; British and Scottish fine art including works by the Glasgow Boys and Scottish Colourists; rare books collections and an extensive local history and archive collection. Historically the complex has drawn 45,000 – 60,000 visits per annum.

The complex has been closed for refurbishment since December 2016. The £2 million will deliver essential structural maintenance, introduce a lift rendering the art gallery DDA compliant and, for the first time, will enable internal access between the McLean Museum and Watt Library. There will be limited impact on the visitor experience in terms of collections displays or visitor facilities.

A temporary pop-up facility on Greenock's Cathcart Street has enabled the Council to continue to deliver heritage and library collections. The Heritage Hub featured a selection of museum and library collections with computer terminals and activity programme displays. The focus was predominantly local history. The Heritage Hub closed in December 2018. From July 2017 to August 2018 the Heritage Hub attracted approximately 19,300 visitors. This is approximately 37% of the volume of visits achieved by the Watt and McLean in 2015/16.

- Roughly half of Inverclyde's heritage assets are owned by the local authority. These include 4 of the top 5 attractions: McLean Museum and Art Gallery and Watt Library, Beacon Arts Centre, Greenock Cut Centre and Gourock Outdoor Pool. A large majority are commemorative statues and memorials owned by Inverclyde Council.
- The Museums and Libraries service seeks to "make a significant contribution to the lives of the people of Inverclyde through the delivery of high quality cultural, learning, information and leisure services and opportunities." These are provided through a network of six branch libraries and the Watt Institution (incorporating the Watt Library and the McLean Museum and Art Gallery).



Image source: Jura Consultants 13

4.0 Inverclyde's Heritage: Stakeholders

Inverclyde's heritage sector has a wide range of active groups and stakeholders with a variety of interests, concerns and aims, many of whom have become more active since the closure of the McLean Museum and Art Gallery and Watt Library. The groups listed below are a select few of those who are working to fill gaps in demand, provide a community and/or visitor service and promote a positive perception of the region. In some cases, this is achieved through close-working and cross-sectoral partnerships, although many work in isolation.

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THEME

Inverclyde has an array of theme or site specific organisations which together with the Council-run facilities make up the rich tapestry of the region's heritage offering. This includes organisations which run specific attractions, deliver heritage related engagement and important conservation activity.

EXAMPLES

- · Historic Environment Scotland
- Greenock Philosophical Society
- · Inverclyde Tourist Group
- · Greenock Burns Club

Inverclyde has a number of organisations seeking to provide networking opportunities and support for third sector parties and those in unemployment. These provide a service primarily attempting to fill the gap in demand for volunteers across Inverclyde's heritage sector.

EXAMPLES

- Inverclyde Heritage Network
- · Inverclyde Tourist Group
- · Inverclyde Community Development Trust
- CVS Inverclyde

⊢ш INESSI S

Private businesses and organisations play a significant role in plugging gaps in heritage demand in Inverciyde through the provision of services related to the ongoing physical, economic and social regeneration of the area. Many of these relate to capital works, regenerating historic buildings and finding uses for these buildings which provide some degree of community benefit and/or aid in improving the social and economic welfare of the region.

A small number of other private businesses serve the current demand for leisure, tourism and hospitality in Inverclyde, although not all are located within Invercivde itself (e.g. the PS Waverley).

EXAMPLES

- Riverside Inverclyde
- Waverley Steam Navigation Company Ltd
- Ardgowan Estate and Distillery
- Finlaystone Country Estate

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Inverclyde's arts offer is strong, with venues such as the Beacon Art Centre and the Albany Arts Centre along with a multitude of practicing local artists, groups and classes across the region ensuring its success. There is direct relevance between the region's arts offer and its heritage engagement potential, and a number of organisations and partnerships are working across and within both the arts and heritage sectors, both to make heritage relevant to Inverclyde's communities today and to celebrate and present Inverclyde's past. This is serving to address a gap in demand for creatively-led heritage engagement across the region.

Image source: Icecream Architecture 2019

EXAMPLES

- RIG Arts
- · Inverclyde Cultural Partnership (specifically through their arts and creativity strategy)
- · Wishes (Women's Initiative for Socialising, Health, Education and Skills) Inverclyde 14

5.0 Consultation: Methodology

A programme of consultation took place across a five week timeframe from late January to early March 2019. This aimed to build on the study team's desk based assessment of Inverclyde's heritage, gaining a more nuanced understanding of what are considered to be the key assets, perceived value and role of heritage as well as opportunities and challenges moving forward.

A total of 797 people were consulted over the course of the consultation period.











Workshops

Involving elected councillors and senior departmental
Council staff members; heritage groups and organisations
from across Inverclyde; and Watt Institution staff
58 people engaged.







On-street Public Engagements

x 6

Taking place in Kilmacolm, Port Glasgow, Greenock, Gourock, Quarriers Village and Wemyss Bay Station

5 x sessions, 443 engaged (183 active engagement)

Meeting & Interviews

Held with a variety of groups representing a range of heritage interests, businesses and target audience demographics (including five sessions with schools and young people).

238 engaged (203 actively engaged)

Light Website

Total of 58 survey responses across local residents, businesses and visitors to Inverclyde.

5.0 Consultation: Key Findings

WHAT DOES THE 'HERITAGE' MEAN TO YOU?

Individual residents & stakeholder responses

The consultation process highlighted a complex and nuanced relationship between Inverclyde's population and 'their' heritage. Key findings are summarised below. See Appendix B 'A Future For Heritage Inverclyde' by Icecream Architecture for more details.

As summarised in the diagram below heritage is conceived and regarded in a number of ways by ...
Inverclyde's population and heritage stakeholders.

A sense of place Preservation & education Where Lem from The past Future Industry Culture Past events Community Good for the town Taking Pride Connection between old and new The Clyde Churches & Museums Places Buildings Tourism Tangible or intangible Tradition Knowing your history Generations Nature

The following key findings from the consultation demonstrate in more detail the different perspectives on heritage across Inverclyde and the reasons given by certain audiences on why the find engaging with Inverclyde's heritage particularly challenging:

Identity of an area

Most people were familiar with the term 'heritage' as something related 'history' or the 'past'. Some also recognised that it is also about 'culture' and 'community'. People generally found the concept of 'intangible heritage' harder to grasp. Most children and young people 'were not sure what the word meant, but understood it well when explained.

- Regardless of place, most expressed a sense of pride to be from their town or village. mostly from a sense of belonging to the community, although few specifically mentioned heritage as a reason. There was a shared view throughout each community that more could be done to celebrate the heritage of the region.
- There are active groups within each of Inverclyde's communities who are passionate and knowledgeable about heritage and who wish to preserve it and share it. They deliver a range of heritage work, often engaging local people, and are eager for increased support, coordination and resources to continue this.
- ❖ Young people commonly claimed to know little to nothing about their local heritage. Local history is rarely taught in schools and there is a lack of consistent opportunities for schools in Inverclyde to engage with heritage. Primary aged children were interested and excited to learn about local history topics and had a wealth of ideas for heritage projects that could be developed for families. Secondary aged students claimed to find heritage less interesting or relevant to them, but would be interested in a number of arts and social activities which could engage them with heritage.
- A number felt that the current offer of heritage opportunities were not accessible to them. For example, workers supporting people with mental/physical support needs explained that many clients would love to talk about the past and listen to/ share stories but few heritage groups or individuals are willing to facilitate this, perhaps due to stigma or in confidence associated with working with disability. Similarly, a lack of opportunities was identified for older, and often socially isolated, men compared to a higher number of craft and bingo activities which may appeal more to women. Professionals in the region also felt that there was little on offer for those who work during the day and do not necessarily fit into targeted demographic groups.
- Sections of communities, typically those of an older demographic, whose lives have been severely affected by the loss of industry, hold negative perceptions of heritage due to its association with a traumatic and drawn-out 'laying off' process and their subsequent painful memories.
- Discussions also highlighted limited resonance with the notion of Inverclyde's heritage.
 Heritage tends to resonate primarily at a settlement rather than regional level. This is summarised overleaf.

5.0 Consultation: Key Findings

Nuances in the sense of place which is felt and the ways in which heritage resonates across Inverclyde's settlements are summarised below. See Appendix B 'A Future For Heritage Inverclyde' by Icecream Architecture for more details.

- Proud to be from Gourock
- Knowledgeable and protective about local key heritage assets
- · Passionate about archiving the past
- Irrelevant: most people come for a 'nice day out,' not for heritage
- · Left out: most investment is in Greenock
- Appreciative of local natural heritage
- Frustrated by lack of commemoration and disappearance of old heritage sites
- Concerned about heritage being overlooked
- Nostalgic
- · Proud to be from Inverkip
- Aware of heritage potential
- Proactive: a strong community who self organise and are open to new ideas
- Disconnection between the past and the present as new families move in
- Concerned about heritage loss
- · Proud to be from Weymss Bay
- Unique: the village offers opportunites to people with specific heritage interests
- · Forgotten as a part of inverciyde
- Disconnection between people living and people working in the area
- Under appreciated: underpromoted
- Transient, a 'pass through place'

- Proud to be from specific communities in Greenock
- · Aware of the huge amount of heritage
- Inspired by Dundee and cultural regeneration elsewhere
- · Optimistic about local developments
- Let down by perceived missed opportunities
- Under appreciated for some local and voluntary efforts
- · Saddened by painful memory of industrial decline
- Not invested in their heritage
- · Uninterested health/economic situations a higher priority
- · Concerned about the past being forgotten
- · Unconfident due to stigmas surrounding Greenock
- Nostalgic

Gourock Greenock

Inverkip

Port Glasgow

Wemyss

Bay

Kilmacolm

Quarriers

- · Proud to be from Port Glasgow
- Hopeful that retail investment will bring opportunities
- · Let down by perceived missed opportunities
- · Ignored: Greenock has more cultural activity
- · Disappointed in lack of local heritage venue
- Loss, having watched the dismantling of industry
- Undervalued/under-promoted for potential
- · Isolated (in upper Port Glasgow) from opportunities
- Nostalgic
- Proud of local heritage in Kilmacolm
- Knowledgeable about key heritage assets
- · Protective of local heritage and culture
- Proactive about recording local heritage
- Detached from the heritage focus in the region
- Overlooked by regional heritage funding
- Nostalgic
- Rich in tangible heritage assets such as architecture
- Out of touch with intangible heritage assets
- Distant from regional cultural and heritage offer
- Awkward due to controversies regarding the past

6.0 SWOT Analysis: Strengths

- There is a wealth and range of tangible and intangible heritage assets
 that are characterised in particular by the spectacular natural heritage
 and built historic environment.
- Tangible and intangible heritage fuel a distinctive localised sense of place and pride felt by individual communities across the region, giving Inverclyde a diverse array of different points of interest spread widely geographically. Heritage narratives also relate to a series of overarching themes, industry and trade in particular, with sub themes including shipbuilding, sugar and engineering and James Watt as a key personality. These themes offer a common thread between Inverclyde's localised heritage and identities and strands of national and international significance and renown.
- The Greenock Cut Visitor Centre, Watt Institution and Finlaystone
 Country Estate are the top performing heritage attractions. The Watt
 Institution is recognised due to the range and significance of its
 collections considerably greater than many typical local authority
 museums/ galleries. Past heritage focussed events have also attracted
 high volumes of engagement. The Tall Ships' visit to Greenock is claimed
 to be 'one of the best' heritage experiences in recent history.
- The new George Wyllie exhibition, proposed as part of the new Ocean
 Terminal development will add considerably to Inverciyde's visitor
 attraction offer amongst day trippers and tourists, helping to capitalise on
 opportunities with regards to the cruise ship market.
- Inverclyde has a strong arts offer and a growing arts network. There
 is a strong and proven synergy between arts and heritage engagement.
 Community arts projects commissioned as part of the demolition of
 Greenock's Broomhill flats and subsequent build of the Broomhill
 Gardens and Community Hub are strong examples of this. The Beacon
 Arts Centre is an important focal point for arts activity.

Inverclyde's people are a key asset, not only the prominent
personalities from the past but people today who share their knowledge,
memories and skills through storytelling and reminiscing, making
artefacts and memorabilia available by collecting, archiving and digitising.
Significant historical events (such as the rise and fall of shipbuilding
as an industry) are still in living memory amongst older generations and
there is an appetite to share them.

"Heritage? Well you're right amongst it here!" – Inverclyde Resident, Quarriers Village On-street Consultation, March 2019

- There is a high volume and wide range of heritage organisations who are passionate and actively involved in heritage and community engagement.
- There is support demonstrated by community groups, local businesses, heritage organisations and Council officials for the potential contribution of heritage in Inverclyde moving forward. There is a popular view that 'more should be made of the heritage' although there are a number of barriers to address in achieving this.
- Inverciyed has accessible to a sizeable potential market, particularly in the day trip area, served by efficient and regular transport links.

"I remember the old railway [and] coming down to Gourock on a bike to fish off the pier. My father took all the German prisoners up to Lyle Hill during the War." — Inverciyde Resident, Gourock On-street Consultation, March 2019









6.0 SWOT Analysis: Weaknesses

- There are a <u>number of barriers</u> limiting and in some cases preventing engagement with heritage:
 - · Lack of understanding/ awareness
 - Negative perceptions towards heritage and/ or preconceived ideas about who heritage is for
 - Financial pressures limit ability to access heritage
 - Social isolation
- Sense of place is often settlement specific rather than relevant at a
 regional level. Thus heritage is perceived, felt and valued by many
 primarily at a settlement-level. The notion of 'Inverclyde's heritage' has
 limited resonance. Where Inverclyde as an entity is recognised there
 are often negative perceptions attached.
- Limited and/ or ineffective promotion of the region as a
 destination. Lack of collective identity contributes to this if an
 authentic common sense of place and self is not felt and shared
 amongst locals, it cannot be communicated externally. Lack of
 'headline' visitor attractions also factors.
- Despite Inverclyde's wealth of heritage assets, there is a limited volume of visitor attractions and limited spread geographically.
- Underperformance of Inverclyde's key heritage assets, including
 the McLean Museum and Art Gallery, despite the volume and
 significance of its collections. Amongst locals there is a perception that
 'it's not for me' due to the imposing/ intimidating building or, amongst
 those who have visited, that there is nothing new to see. Whilst the
 Greenock Cut Visitor Centre achieves a higher visit volume, limited
 investment in the visitor offer constrains its ability to achieve more.
 Leisure attractions currently draw more visits than heritage (e.g.
 Funworld family play centre).

"We used to go all the time, now families are going to Glasgow and Paisley for the museums."

- Broomhill Knit and Natter Group Member, March 2019

- Fragmented sector with limited communication and collaboration between heritage organisations and cross-sectoral bodies. Whilst many are passionate and self-motivated to deliver their own activities there is a tendency to operate in isolation.
- Limited resources to address weaknesses and take advantage of opportunities, particularly in terms of engaging with under-represented audiences facing particular barriers to participation. Barriers are acknowledged but there is limited capacity to address these.

"History is not in the minds of young people"

- Inverciyde Resident, Greenock On-street Consultation, March
2019









6.0 SWOT Analysis: Opportunities

- Use heritage engagement, specifically through formal and informal learning opportunities, as a lever to create a more positive sense of place and enhance civic pride leading to destination development and socio-economic regeneration.
- Explore and better present under-represented stories authentic to Inverclyde and its settlements, positioning these within wider, regional overarching narratives utilising key themes as hooks/ entry points for locals and visitors alike.

Regional Themes

- Shipbuilding and industrial heritage
- The River Clyde
- James Watt
- Immigration and emigration
- Slavery
- Military and maritime history
- Archaeological heritage
- Traditional food/ drinks

Localised Themes

- Gourock: CND
 Heritage, Gaelic and

 Irish Heritage
- History of Wemyss Bay Station
- Inverkip: Smuggling, Witchcraft
- Kilmacolm: Agriculture
- Quarrier's Village: Architecture, Emigration
- Greenock: Sugar industry, Burn's Clubs

- "I would like to see more people coming into schools and teaching kids more about their heritage. This would be really useful as it would teach kids from an early age about their heritage and it may also help them to be more interested and involved in their community."— Young person responding to online survey, March 2019
- Harness the passion, expertise and resources of heritage and arts organisations across Inverciyde to widen the benefits delivered and impact achieved.
- Develop a more coordinated, accessible and stronger cultural sector by aligning heritage initiatives with arts initiatives and developing activities that capitalise on the synergies between the two.
- Achieve greater penetration of the day trip market (population of approximately 400,000) by developing Inverciyde as a destination.
 Heritage can play a key role in this.
- Potential of the new Cruise Ship Terminal to offer tourism growth opportunities, particularly in relation to the cruise-ship market (122,000).

Extent and scale of unused/ under-utilised historic properties that could attract funding if the right use/ development opportunities are found. Consultees considered Newark Castle, Dutch Gable House, Quarrier's Village and the Custom House to have untapped potential (amongst others). Retail space, such as empty units in the Oak Mall and Port Glasgow's High Street, could become valuable space for heritage activity/ displays building on the success of the Heritage Hub on Greenock's Cathcart Street.

"Let the young ones see what this town did!"— Inverclyde Resident, Greenock On-street Consultation, March 2019









6.0 SWOT Analysis: Opportunities and Threats

- Partnership development as critical for achieving potential. There are multiple layers to this:
 - Coordination and collaboration between the various heritagerelated groups and organisations across Inverclyde. The Council has a key role to play, through a reimagined Watt Institution.
 - Further collaboration between arts and heritage groups.
 - Development of cross-agency partnerships in order to achieve wider socio-economic outcomes such as health and well-being and ultimately social cohesion. Partnerships with education and health related Council departments/ services are highlighted in particular.
 - Cross-boundary partnership development looking beyond Inverclyde to consider opportunities for thematic promotion and product development with organisations and attractions in other nearby local authorities.
- Capitalise on NLHF priority campaigns and Inverciple as a target area to unlock funding.
- Capitalise on VisitScotland's Year of Coasts and Waters 2020 and Year of Storytelling 2022 to enhance funding applications.

Threats

- Continued deterioration of built heritage there are many listed and non-listed buildings which are in need of repair across Invercible.
- A lot of heritage assets have already disappeared without any commemoration and often the sites are unrecognisable – this poses a challenge in being able to successfully interpret this heritage. It is important to think creatively about how to interpret heritage within the

regeneration processes.

- Demographic changes pose a risk to retaining heritage knowledge and expertise. Already in Quarrier's Village there is a disconnect between tangible and intangible heritage – most children/ workers who grew up there have moved away and there is little in the way of aural histories passed down.
- Loss of motivation and support amongst the community and strategic stakeholders owing to a lack of visible action.
- Expectations surrounding the redevelopment of the Watt Institution and the expansion of Ocean Terminal are high. There is a risk of disappointment if expectations are not met.
- Failure to address barriers to heritage engagement. Key barriers include income and access; lack of awareness; perceptions that 'heritage is not for me' and in some cases negative associations specifically due to the trauma and pain of the loss of industry. For some, a sense that in an area facing severe deprivation challenges that there are more pressing issues to be addressed. Heritage is not universally viewed positively and approaches to celebrating and promoting it should be mindful of this.
- Inaction would fail to capitalise on the opportunity to help address profound socio-economic challenges.
- Population decline and wider socio-economic challenges risks losing people and skill-sets vital for increasing heritage engagement
- Increasing competition from neighbouring local authorities drawing audiences elsewhere who may have considered visiting and spending money in Invercive.









7.0 Strategy Strategic Framework: Vision, Aims and Objectives

The Inverciyde Heritage Strategy aspires to achieve the following vision by 2029:

Inverclyde's heritage is a source of knowledge and pride across the region and is employed at every opportunity to support our diverse community's social, cultural and economic wellbeing

Aims

- Inverclyde's heritage is captured, conserved, protected and enhanced
- Inverclyde's heritage is valued, appreciated and instils a sense of pride and belonging amongst residents
- Inverclyde's heritage offers opportunities for participation to all, inspiring and sustaining meaningful heritage engagement over the long-term
- Inverciyde's heritage encourages more people to visit, stay longer and spend more across the region
- Inverclyde's heritage sector is strong and sustainable, underpinned by an ethos of collaboration and co-ordination across the public, private and third sectors and integrated within Inverclyde's wider cultural sphere, harnessing the synergy and reciprocity with the arts.



Objectives

- To ensure that Inverclyde's heritage assets are well cared for, looked after and protected.
- To identify and pursue opportunities that capitalise on underused and/or underappreciated heritage assets.
- To improve perceptions and reshape attitudes towards heritage by encouraging local communities to "rediscover" their heritage on their terms; fostering positive relationships and a renewed sense of relevance.
- To celebrate heritage at both a local and regional level relating the distinctiveness of Inverciyde's settlements to the overarching narratives the region shares.
- To engage more people and a more diverse range of audiences in participating and volunteering in heritage, including young people, socially isolated older people and those unable to engage in heritage activity through economic circumstance and/or disability.
- To sustain and create new opportunities for employment and skills development.
- To develop and promote Inverclyde's unique attributes creating a distinctive and authentic destination which appeals to both day trippers and overnight tourists.
- To strengthen existing and create new partnerships with stakeholders who share our objectives:
 - within Inverclyde's heritage sector;
 - between the heritage sector and organisations in other sectors operating in Inverclyde;
 - with other national stakeholders.
- To maximise the use of current resources and capitalise on funding opportunities.

7.0 Strategy Strategic Framework: Leadership Framework

To ensure that the objectives of the Heritage Strategy are met and the actions put forward in the The Leadership Framework establishes a governance and delivery mechanism that reflects the Implementation Strategy are successfully delivered, we have developed a Leadership Framework.

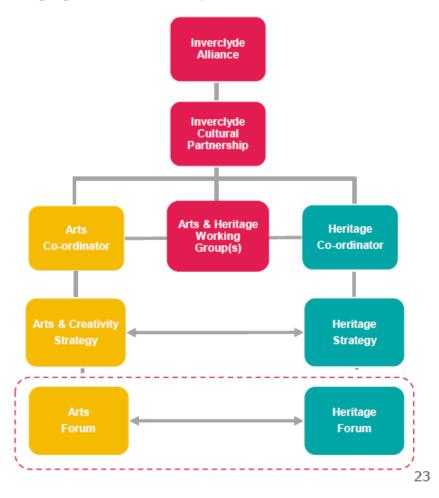
The Leadership Framework sets out the structure by which key decisions concerning Inverclyde's Heritage will be made. Overseen by the Inverclyde Alliance, delegated to the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership, the Leadership Framework advocates a partnership approach whereby the sector collectively decides which actions should be taken and to identify the key organisations/ individuals which are best placed to take them forward. Participation of Inverclyde Council is critical for the success of the Leadership Framework, however responsibility for its implementation and driving forward the Heritage Strategy cannot rest on the Council alone. A partnership approach with the third sector is essential.

This ethos of partnership extends beyond the heritage sector. Acknowledging the synergies between the two, the Heritage Strategy is conceived as a companion to the Arts & Creativity Strategy. The vision articulated in the Arts & Creativity Strategy is as follows:

- Inverciyde is known locally and globally as a Creative Place. Creativity is vibrant, visible and a significant source of pride for local people.
- The arts are a core driver for regeneration and contribute positively towards a sustainable increase in local economy and employment, underpinned by the work of every sector within the local authority.
- Creativity is a critical tool for imagining and communicating a unique and innovative identity for the area. This identity makes meaningful connections between the rich heritage, environmental and social assets of the area.
- Everyone in Inverciyde has equal access to the arts. The arts are inclusive and people are empowered and confident in engaging creatively with the present and future of their local community.
- The arts are respected as a vehicle for achieving positive wellbeing for local people and local places, in terms of health, education and stewardship of the environment.

interdependencies between the Strategies and strives to establish a thriving cultural sector by realising them in tandem. The overarching objective is to achieve a self-sustaining Leadership Framework which delivers arts and heritage initiatives in response to the needs of the sector in partnership with arts and heritage stakeholders.

The following diagram sets out the Leadership Framework:



7.0 Strategy Strategic Framework: Leadership Framework

The Inverciyde Alliance, working through the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership, are responsible and accountable for the implementation of the Heritage Strategy (as per the Arts & Creativity Strategy). In practice it is likely that a variety of Working Groups or Task Forces are set up to implement specific actions (see Implementation Strategy for suggested actions). The Working Group/ Task Force would include representatives from the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership as well as other stakeholders from the sector with a particular strategic interest or expertise in relation to the specific task. The Working Groups are thus an opportunity for the wider sector to directly participate and deliver heritage initiatives.

Working Group members from the wider sector would be drawn from the Heritage Forum. The Heritage Forum provides an arena for representatives across the heritage sector to come together to share experiences, identify and discuss opportunities, and collaborate to tackle the challenges which affect organisations at the frontline of delivery. The aspiration is that the Heritage Forum is representative – reflecting the diverse range of heritage assets and interests from across Inverclyde. Participation would not require an excessive commitment of time, but continued attendance is key for momentum and continuity in delivery. The Forum would meet at an agreed frequency as appropriate throughout the year, perhaps quarterly or biannually depending on issues and activities, and would be chaired by the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership.

Where relevant, the Heritage Forum could include attendees from, or meet alongside, an arts equivalent body thus ensuring coordination between the actions delivered under the remit of both the Heritage and Arts & Creativity Strategies.

The Forum approach is a key mechanism underpinning the Leadership Framework providing a voice from the frontline of heritage sector delivery and a mechanism to communicate and prioritise the issues to be addressed by the Strategy. The Heritage Forum together with the Working Groups/ Task Forces ensures that stakeholders from across the heritage and arts sectors have an opportunity to influence the direction of travel at both the decision making and implementation stages. It allows for sector-led solutions rather than imposing actions from the top-down. Embedding opportunities for active participation in this way should encourage buy-in, ownership and, as benefits are realised, continued commitment from Inverclyde's heritage sector fuelling the partnership relationships which are key to this self-sustaining Leadership Framework.

Increasing participation and engagement amongst young people in Inverciyde is a key objective of the Heritage Strategy. In order to change young people's perceptions towards heritage, actively involvement in the decision making process is key. The Leadership Framework offers this opportunity through both the Heritage Forum and Working Groups approach. In setting up the Heritage Forum a concerted effort to involve young people should be made.

An integrated cultural forum bringing together representatives from arts and heritage may be the key to achieving this initially given the considerable involvement of young people in arts and drama groups. Attempts should also be made to involve at least one young person on every Working Group which is formed to address specific issues.

In the short term, support will be required to set up the Leadership Framework, involve the relevant stakeholders, establish the necessary partnership relationships and build capacity within the sector. In order to achieve this we recommend the creation of a time-limited, externally funded, Heritage Coordinator post, the counterpart to the recently appointed Arts Coordinator and who would build on the platform established by the Great Places Scheme Heritage Outreach Officer (in post until 2020).

It is recommended that the post is established as part of a sector-wide capacity building exercise during years 1 to 3 of the Heritage Strategy. The Implementation Strategy sets out the core capacity building tasks which should be delivered by the Heritage Coordinator in order to set up the self-sustaining Leadership Framework (see Actions 7-14). Funding for the post and these core tasks could form a single funding application to organisations such as the National Lottery Heritage Fund where capacity building is a key area of focus. The Heritage Coordinator would be directly accountable to the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership.

7.0 Strategy Strategic Framework: Role of the Watt Institution

A repositioned Watt Institution with a stronger, more community focused role will play a central part in the delivery of Inverclyde's Heritage Strategy, for the greater benefit of the cultural sector in Inverclyde as a whole and for the social, economic and destination development of the region.

This is not to say that the cultural sector and the development of the region could not function or happen without the Watt Institution. Rather, the inclusion of the Watt will strengthen the mechanisms of a proficient and self-sustaining cultural sector.

The diagram to the right illustrates this concept with the Watt Institution supporting the cultural sector as a key provider of resources, expertise, activities and engagement initiatives. The objective is for each partner to realise the reciprocal benefits of a collaborative approach serving to strengthen and enhance the cultural sector as a whole in consequence. With the involvement of enough partners a snowballing effect can occur aiding the wider socio-economic development of Inverclyde as a thriving place to live, work and visit. Collaboration, with the Watt Institution as a central cog in the cultural sector machinery, is key to unlocking the potential of broader/wider heritage engagement across Inverclyde.

The Watt Institution is instrumental to the success of the Inverclyde Heritage Strategy. The role which it has is wideranging, multifaceted and will vary in form depending on the particular partners and initiatives being delivered. The proposed overall remit of the Watt Institution is summarised to the right.

Role of the Watt Institution



- W.1 Custodian of collections for the region
- W.2 Sharing collections and lending more to local/regional/national organisations
- W.3 Sharing expertise of staff with sector to build capacity across sector
- W.4 Training library staff on other headline heritage and info available
- W.5 Providing learning and training support for Inverclyde's education providers
- **W.**6 Disseminating heritage sector information to the wider community
- W.7 Co-ordinating networking events for heritage sector
- W.8 Sharing best practice with the sector
- W.9 Developing relationship with regional and national partners
- W.10 Attracting visitors and signposting to other sites and locations
- W.11 Applying for joint funding applications for museum and heritage sector enhancements

Through all of these roles, the Watt Institution will be supported by the wider cultural sector including the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership, and buoyed by the positive eventual social, economic and destination developments of the region. See Section 9.0. for specific actions which should be implemented by the Watt Institution in order to reposition it in this way. The relationship of the Watt Institution with other heritage stakeholders is explained below.

7.0 Strategy Strategic Framework: Partnership and Service Delivery Model

The number and diversity of stakeholders in Inverclyde's heritage sector coupled with ongoing budget pressures to deliver more with less resource means that a single partnership delivery model is not feasible. As such, we have conceived of a network approach to service delivery, whereby heritage assets and organisations come together to deliver particular actions as determined through the Leadership Framework. Roles as either primary or secondary nodes on the network would be adopted, with each node potentially sharing resources, materials and/ or expertise with others across the network to deliver the common goals. All assets would adopt a signposting role creating a series of 'entry points' for locals and visitors alike, and facilitating the movement of audiences between assets and across the region.

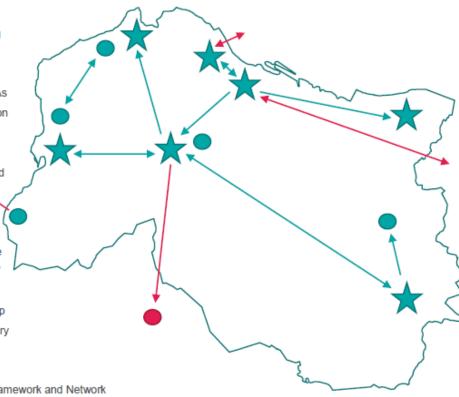
Conceptually the 'network' at large includes all of Inverclyde's heritage assets/ organisations. The network becomes an active delivery model when partners endorse, implement and uphold a collaborative approach, assuming their role as a primary or secondary node and delivering associated actions that maximise the reciprocal benefits. Looking beyond Inverclyde, key nodes would seek to establish similar partner relationships with national organisations. This is illustrated in the diagram.

Roles and relationships across the heritage network will be defined through the Leadership Framework. The Heritage Forum, comprised of stakeholders from across the sector, is an important bridge between the decision making processes and the Heritage Network as a delivery mechanism.

The Heritage Network can be activated in various ways involving different actors or the same actors in different roles depending on the objective or initiative in question. As the region's main heritage attraction with the expertise and financial support of Inverclyde Council, it is likely that the Watt Institution would assume a primary role in the majority of delivery networks. However, this does not mean that the Council is singularly driving the strategy forward. Without partners' participation and continued commitment neither the Leadership Framework nor the Network delivery model are possible.

Fundamentally, the Leadership Framework and Network delivery model sets out the mechanism for decision making and taking forward actions but affords the flexibility for the sector to determine how this is done and by whom. As well as working in partnership, organisations will also continue to pursue their own projects and individual funding applications. The Heritage Strategy through the overarching vision, objectives and points of contact with the sector at large it creates will ensure that all action ultimately works towards common overarching goals, is coordinated and supported by a strong strategic rationale subscribed to across the sector at large.

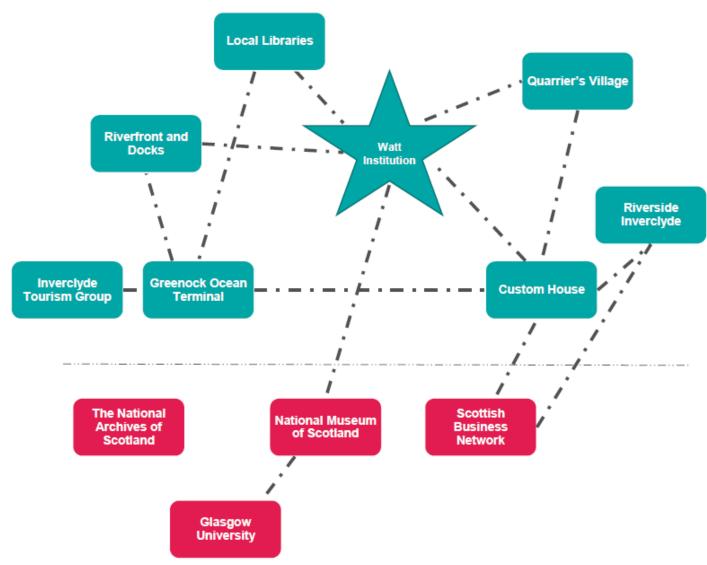
Amongst the wide range of initiatives the heritage network will uphold, thematic programming is likely to be a key feature. We have devised an examples of a possible thematic network, based on one of several key themes the consultation process highlighted as relevant at a regional level (Emigration and Immigration) placing select regional (teal) and national (pink) heritage assets and organisations within a network of resource sharing, partnership and support. The box in orange summarises the list of potential activities and engagements which could be facilitated through the network. See overleaf.



7.0 Strategy Strategic Framework: Partnership and Service Delivery Model

- Themed temporary exhibition and programming at the Watt Institution (displaying own collections and potentially those on loan from regional and/ or national partners)
- Outreach programming delivered by Watt Institution staff with partners at locations across Inverciple
- Sharing collections to create 'pop-up' exhibitions (e.g. at local libraries)
- Training library staff to deliver genealogy classes
- Regularly updating Inverciyde
 Tourism Group on activities and programming at the Watt Institution
- Watt Institution collections inspire artistic response (e.g. play at The Beacon, sculpture design with local artists)
- Signposting between all assets
- Themed coastal trail (digital or other media)
- Themed festival with programmes/ activities at each node on the network

Service Delivery Model: Emigration and Immigration

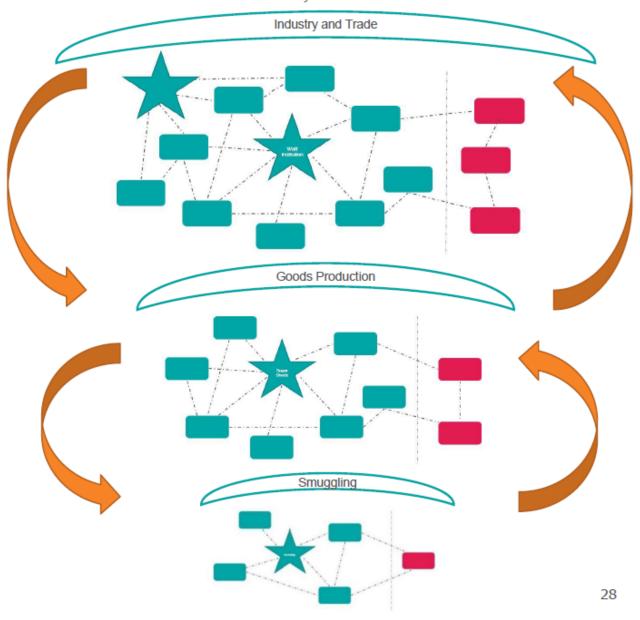


7.0 Strategy Strategic Framework: Partnership and Service Delivery Model

It would be remiss to view each network in isolation. Inverclyde's heritage (and arts) themes and network partnerships do not, and could never, sit apart from one another - as they are interdependent and work alongside each other as components of Inverclyde's unique heritage 'whole'. As such, one thematic network partnership may lead to the development of another, involving new members of the wider network and connecting with new, related themes, including those which are more settlement specific. This network approach thus allows both a top-down and bottom up approach, placing the authentic heritage narratives at a settlement level within their wider regional context. This approach is critical for enabling local communities to 'rediscover' their heritage and relate to it on their terms and creating an authentic platform for Inverclyde as an enhanced destination.

The diagram demonstrates one example of this, illustrating how the Inverkip specific theme of 'Smuggling' could be it's own, individual network and would link, through the top-down and bottom up network approach, to the larger thematic network of 'Goods Production' and in turn, the wider, regional thematic network of 'Industry and Trade'.

Bottom-up and Top-down Approach to Thematic Networking: Smuggling, Goods Production and Industry and Trade



8.0 Implementation Strategy

The Implementation Plan sets out the actions required to achieve the Heritage Strategy Vision, Aims and Objectives over the next ten years (by the end of 2028). Actions are grouped by delivery period as follows:

Strategy Duration	10 years	2019 - 2028
Short-Term Actions	Years 1, 2, 3	2019, 2020, 2021
Medium-Term Actions	Years 4 and 5	2022, 2023
Long-Term Actions	Years 6, 7, 8, 9, 10	2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028

8.0 Implementation Plan

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM (201	9, 2020, 2021)			
1	Agree and adopt strategy.	An agreed way forward which will be championed by Inverclyde Alliance, Inverclyde Council, the wider heritage sector with opportunities for cross-sectoral participation.	Time	2019, Q2 (Apr – Jun)	Inverclyde Alliance with Inverclyde Cultural Partnership	All
2	Develop and implement a communications strategy as part of the launch of the Heritage Strategy, reminding or revealing for the first time in some cases, the rich and diverse heritage of Inverclyde to its communities and setting out the aspiration and action plan for the future. The communications strategy will encourage stakeholders and the wider community to commit to delivering the Strategy, developing a database of contacts and mechanism for continued engagement going forward.	Generation of widespread awareness of the Heritage Strategy, motivating and enabling commitment and participation amongst stakeholders in the cultural sector and local residents alike.	Time Budget for publication	2019, Q2-Q3 (Apr – Sept)	Inverciyde Cultural Partnership	5, 8
3	Identify a strategic owner for Heritage within Inverclyde Council. It is suggested that this is the Head of Culture, Communities and Education Resources.	Designation of an individual within the Council staff structure to deliver the Heritage Strategy in partnership with the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership.	Time	2019, Q2 (Apr - Jun)	Inverclyde Alliance to approve appointment	All

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM (2019	9, 2020, 2021)			
4	Establish a heritage advocacy role within the elected member structure. This individual would ensure that considerations for heritage and maximising its impact are a part of strategic planning and decision making across the Council's remit (e.g. health, education, planning).	Establishment of a mechanism to achieve cross-sectoral approaches that will maximise heritage engagement and associated socio-economic benefits.	Time	2019, Q3 (Jul – Sep)	Inverclyde Council to approve appointment.	All
5	Confirm or revise proposed Leadership Framework and Network Delivery Model in response to decisions taken concerning the relationship between the Heritage and Arts & Creativity Strategies. Consider joint arts and heritage Forum and Working Groups. Consult with the sector to determine the optimum way forward and canvass willingness to participate. Devise a strategy to maximise the participation of young people in both the Heritage Forum and Working Groups. Thereafter create and coordinate the proposed Heritage Forum. Initial frame of reference would be produced to encourage interest in the concept. The detailed terms of reference and role for the Forum would evolve out of discussions with members. This	Effective decision making and delivery structures to support and sustain the Heritage Strategy over the next ten years and beyond. Maximising of synergies between arts and heritage. Decision making and delivery structures which encourage 'buy in' and participation from the sector at large and key audience groups, young people in particular.	Time	2019, Q3 (Jul – Sep)	Inverciyde Alliance with Inverciyde Cultural Partnership. The Great Place Scheme Project Officer would play an important role consulting the sector.	8
	may result in joint funding applications					31

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)			
	SHORT TERM (2019, 2020, 2021)								
6	Appoint a Heritage Coordinator. A time limited post, the	Building interest, participation and	Time to develop	Develop funding	Inverciyde Cultural	All			
	Coordinator would be responsible for networking with	capacity in order to achieve a self-	funding application.	application(s) in 2019	Partnership to identify				
	partners across the sector encouraging their participation	sustaining Leadership Framework and		Q4 (Oct – Dec).	lead applicant and				
	in the Heritage Strategy, specifically:	effective partnership delivery model	Funding to pay for		develop agreement				
		over the medium to long-term.	post. An	Submit funding	between the partners in				
	Facilitating the Heritage Forum – which would meet at		approximate	application(s) in 2020	terms of where the				
	an agreed frequency as appropriate e.g. monthly,	Seamless transition between the	budget of	Q1 (Jan – Mar).	Coordinator would be				
	quarterly depending on issues and activities. This	Heritage Outreach Officer and new	£250,000 should	three year post duration	based and how the post-				
	should take place in different locations across	Heritage Coordinator thus maintaining	be considered for	from 2020 Q2 (Apr -	holder's time would be				
	Inverclyde.	and building momentum.	the post and	Jun) to 2023 Q1 (Jan –	split across the key task				
	Supporting the formation of Working Groups formed to		associated	Mar).	areas.				
	develop and deliver specific initiatives.		activities.						
	Working with the sector to deliver capacity building								
	initiatives (see Actions 7, 8 and 9).								
	Establish mechanisms for monitoring and evaluation in		All costs are						
	line with Inverclyde Cultural Partnership practices.		subject to funding						
			bids.						
	Funding for the post could be part of a capacity building								
	application. The National Lottery Heritage Fund (NLHF)								
	continues to support capacity building as part of its main								
	Grants for Heritage programme, and it is an area of								
	particular focus over 2019-2021.								

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM (201	9, 2020, 2021)			
7	existing and gaps in terms of governance, staff and volunteers across all heritage and arts organisations (willing to participate). The Watt Institution is a key partner in lieu of its role as primary hub in a more connected heritage network. An approach should also be made to primary and secondary school head teachers in order to ascertain where and how local history currently features within the curriculum as well as the appetite to expand teaching in this area. The study would include an analysis of key training needs and an action plan for delivery over the remainder of the Heritage Strategy life-span. A more focussed short-term	An understanding of key skills development requirements in order to build capacity across the sector thus enabling a self-sustaining leadership framework and an effective Heritage Network delivery model capable of taking the Heritage Strategy forward over the medium and longer term. Involving schools at this early stage is key to engaging children and young adults, key target groups for the Strategy.	Funding to conduct aud and deliver immediate training requirements. Allow budget of approx. £50,000. All costs are subject to funding bids.	of capacity	Overall responsibility of the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership, potentially delegated to a Working Group. Managed by the Heritage Coordinator. Watt Institution staff are a key contributor.	8
	delivery plan would be implemented by the Heritage Coordinator with partner support.					
8.	Prepare an Interpretation Strategy in order to: Identify key heritage themes and stories involving communities from across Inverclyde Identify ways to thematically link heritage stories between different settlements/ areas/ assets	An authentic 'bottom up' understanding of Inverclyde's rich heritage and a means to convey and engage audiences with this at a range of levels, from settlement specific to overarching regional themes.	Funding to appoint interpretation and consultation specialists. Budget of approx. £50,000. All costs are subject to	Funded as part of capacity building application (action 6).	Overall responsibility of the Invercive Cultural Partnership, potentially delegated to a Working Group. Managed by the Heritage Coordinator. Watt Institution is a key contributor.	2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 8
			funding bids.			33

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objectiv e(s)
	SHORT TER	M (2019, 2020, 202	1)			
8	 Conduct an audit of existing methods of interpretation, specifically themed trails and pathways connecting settlements Determine methods of interpretation that will encourage and enable participation amongst local residents and visitors. This could include trails (signage, digital, online), events such as festivals, branding or marketing initiatives. Creative methods, involving artists and artistic responses is likely to be a key feature. Outputs: Develop headline messages about Inverclyde's heritage and a sector overview summary that shows where people should go to access specific types of heritage collections and information now. These heritage guides should be published and circulated amongst partners and the community Determine action plan for delivering recommendations. 	Raising awareness and understanding of the heritage sector and improving connectivity across sites and organisations (crosssector). Setting up an action plan for future initiatives and projects. Key point where arts and heritage initiatives can coalesce.		Deliver strategy 2020 Q4 (Oct – Dec) to 2021 Q2 (Apr - Jun) Heritage guides to be completed by end of 2020.		
9.	 Review Collections Acquisitions and Storage Policies at: Watt Institution Other arts and heritage organisations which actively produce/ collect/ store (physically or digitally) From this: Clarify the collections held and associated activities undertaken by organisations across Inverclyde Develop a centrally accessible database which details what is held, where it is held and legal obligations. From this identify which items at risk of decay, those which could be made available for loans, research etc. and the terms that would need to be satisfied. Identify priority actions such as digitisation needs, physical storage requirements etc. Discuss actions at Working Group meetings. 	A collaborative approach encouraging signposting, sharing expertise, information and (where possible) collections and highlighting training requirements. Recommendations streamlined included within the Interpretation Strategy.	Funding for collections/ digitisation professional expertise required to set up the database. Allow budget of £50,000. All costs are subject to funding bids.	Funded as part of capacity building application (action 6). Conduct review 2020 Q4 (Oct - Dec) to 2021 Q2 (Apr – Jun) Develop database 2021 Q3 (Jul – Sep) to Q4 (Oct – Dec)	Responsibility of the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership, potentially delegated to a Working Group comprised of representatives from the Cultural Partnership and others from the sector with particular expertise in this area. Managed by the Heritage Coordinator. Watt Institution staff are a key contributor (see Action 15).	1, 3, 4, 5,

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TER	M (2019, 2020, 2	2021)		
10.	Working Group established to deliver the	A plan for taking forward the	Working Group	Working Group established after	Responsibility of the Inverclyde	1, 3, 4, 5,
	recommendations of the Interpretation Strategy. It	recommendations of the	members' time.	completion of Interpretation	Cultural Partnership and	
	is anticipated that area-wide approaches to	Interpretation Strategy and a		Strategy, 2021 Q2 (Apr-Jun) to	delivered by the Working	
	interpretation such as trails and festivals will feature	Working Group with the	Funding to deliver	Q3 (Jul - Sep)	Group. The Heritage	
	in the Interpretation Strategy. The Working Group,	appetite and expertise to do	pilot events/	Take forward initial	Coordinator would participate	
	comprised of representatives from the Inverciyde	SO.	initiatives.	recommendations over 2021 and	and provide support developing	
	Cultural Partnership and the sector more widely (it is			2022. This could include seeking	funding applications.	
	strongly advocated that this includes those active in	Coordinated and where	Funding required is	funding for pilot events. 2022 is		
	both the arts and heritage sectors), would assume	possible integrated arts and	dependent upon the	VisitScotland's Year of Scotland's		
	responsibility for developing the recommendations in	heritage festival and events	recommendations	Stories. At the core of the		
	more detail and preparing funding applications. Where	programmes across	pursued.	Interpretation Strategy is		
	relevant, actions should be coordinated with the	Inverclyde.		identifying and conveying		
	festivals and events being developed through the ICP			authentic heritage themes which		
	Outcome Delivery Plan by the Festival & Events Sub-			resonate with local residents.		
	group.			Storytelling is fundamental to this.		
				Funding applications could be		
	Example Actions			prepared in summer 2021.		
	Developing a festival with an overarching theme such					
	as 'Innovation and Engineering', with different			There is also an opportunity to		
	organisations across Inverclyde (drawn from the			capitalise on NLHF funded		
	Heritage and Arts Forums) encouraged to develop a			opportunities with Inverclyde as a		
	proposal for how they would interpret and celebrate the			target area. A specific campaign		
	theme at their asset, attraction or in their locality. The			focussing on digital will be active		
	overarching theme would provide the umbrella identity			from 2019-21.		
	and the Working Group would establish how to activate					
	the Network delivery model between partners.					
						35

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM (20)	19, 2020, 2021)		
10.	Festivals should capitalise on national funding initiatives such as Visit Scotland's 'Year of' campaigns and/or become an extension/ satellite to existing successful and relevant festivals e.g. Glasgow Science Festival. Develop themed interpretive trails – another mechanism for showcasing tangible and intangible heritage and wider landscapes across Inverciyde as a means of delivering storytelling and encouraging exploration.					
11.	Create a Landscape Conservation and Enhancement Working Group tasked with identifying specific opportunities in relation to Inverclyde's natural heritage. The results of the Interpretation Strategy may help to guide decision making if, for example, recommendations are made for trails across sections of the landscape. Initiatives should also be matched with funding opportunities and considered in light of other applications which are being developed across the region.	A strategic approach to enhancement of Inverclyde's natural heritage assets within a wider heritage development strategy that minimises conflict for funding and maximises chance of success.	Working Group members' time	Working Group established by 2021 Q3 (Jul – Sep), after completion of the Interpretation Strategy and Working Group for this has been set up.	Inverciyde Cultural Partnership to oversee formation of the Working Group. Working Group members to comprise representatives from the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership and from the Heritage Forum.	1, 2, 7, 9
12	Create a redundant heritage assets Working Group tasked with taking a strategic approach to the revitalisation of redundant and under-used assets. This Working Group would be tasked with: Conducting a scoping exercise to identify derelict and underused assets	A strategic approach to the development of redundant and under-used assets that is transparent and deliverable.	Working Group members' time. Funding to deliver Options Appraisal/ Feasibility Studies.	Working Group established by 2021 Q3 (Jul – Sep), after Capacity and Skills Audit and associated training is delivered. Funders such as NLHF and the	Responsibility of the Inverciyde Cultural Partnership working with Inverciyde Council's Environment, Regeneration and Resources Directorate. Delivered by the	1, 2, 6, 7, 9

	Action	Action What do we want to achieve? What is required? When and how will we get there? (Resources) (Funding and Timetable)			Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT	TERM (2019, 20	20, 2021)		
12.	Determining priority assets to focus on to identify new		Depending on the	Architectural Heritage Fund provide	Working Group with support	
	uses		complexity and	support for such studies. Funding	from the Heritage	
	Identify 'next steps' such as key assets which would		sensitivities	opportunities should be explored in	Coordinator.	
	benefit from options appraisal/ feasibility study		Cost per study	2021 Q3 (Jul – Sep) to Q4 (Oct – Dec).		
	Identify how funding could be obtained for next stage		could range from			
	studies		£10,000 to	Options Appraisals/ Feasibility Studies		
	There are a number of buildings which have emerged		£30,000.	delivered in 2022-23 – see Action 16		
	as significant such as the 'Sugar Sheds' and 'Dutch		All costs are	below.		
	Gable House' – this process will objectively and		subject to funding	Priority assets Options Appraisals/		
	comprehensively assess all assets, involving the		bids.	Feasibility Studies completed by 2023		
	public and sector in order to determine those which			Q1 (Jan - Mar) - before the end of the		
	should be prirotised. The aspiration should not be to			Heritage Coordinator post funding.		
	develop a public use/ benefit for all assets but to					
	determine the optimum way forward. In some					
	instances (sensitive) private development may be the					
	best option.					
	Membership of this Working Group should reflect the					
	range of issues that need to be explored. It should include					
	representation from the Inverclyde Cultural Partnership					
	and Inverclyde Council's Environment, Regeneration and					
	Resources Directorate.					

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)	
	SHORT TERM (2019, 2020, 2021)						
13.	Develop a Digital Assets Database – building on existing	Resource sharing	Working Group to take	Consultation and	Responsibility of the	1, 2, 4, 6, 8	
	digitisation and archiving activity (such as that being delivered	and positive	forward the initiative. External	planning in 2021 Q3	Inverciyde Cultural		
	by the Inverclyde Heritage Network) to establish a centralised	promotion of	advice to identify necessary	(July - Sept) to Q4 (Oct -	Partnership, potentially		
	database cataloguing all assets with copyright free usage for	Inverclyde's heritage	software and cataloguing.	Dec). Potential funding	delegated to a Working		
	members of the Heritage Forum. This database would not	assets.	Funding to set up database	application during this	Group. Managed by Heritage		
	replace the Council's internal Past Perfect resource. The		and deliver training. Budget	time.	Coordinator. Input from		
	purpose is to document the array of artefacts and materials	Sector skilled in	TBC (dependent on the		groups across the sector,		
	across Inverclyde and provide a single entry point for interested	digitisation.	requirements).	There is potential to	including the Inverclyde		
	parties to access that information. Opportunities to provide		All costs are subject to	capitalise on funding	Heritage Network. Watt		
	training in digitisation should be explored as part of the		funding bids.	opportunities such as the	Institution staff are a key		
	database development, adopting a 'train the trainer' approach			NLHF digital capabilities	contributor (see Action 15).		
	in order to spread skills development opportunities as widely as			campaign (2019-2021).			
	possible.						
				Delivery in 2022-23 (see			
	The Digital Assets Database builds on the Capacity and Skills			Action 18)			
	Audit (Action 7), the Interpretation Strategy (Action 8) and the						
	Collections Policies Review (Action 9). Developing the						
	database provides interpretive content to implement the						
	Interpretive Strategy recommendations (Action 10).						

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM (201	9, 2020, 2021)			
14.	Monitoring and evaluation – incorporate	A robust evidence base concerning current	Time	Identify information	ICP self-evaluation sub-	All
	metrics for measuring progress and impact of	views towards heritage, engagement with		gaps and conduct	group with support from Arts	
	Heritage Strategy actions within an	heritage and barriers to participation across		research to compile	Coordinator and Heritage	
	overarching ICP Self-Evaluation Strategy.	Inverclyde.		robust baseline by end	Coordinator.	
	Utilise the	An integrated strategy for monitoring and		of 2019.		
	consultation data collected as part of the	evaluating arts and heritage engagement.		Methods of monitoring		
	Heritage Strategy research to inform the			and evaluation to		
	baseline, conducting additional quantitative			feature for all actions		
	research where necessary. At the end of 2021			where there is a		
	conduct a formative assessment in order to			resource or physical		
	determine progress made and enable more			output (e.g. evaluation		
	detailed planning for the next phase of the			of training programmes,		
	Heritage Strategy implementation.			monitoring use of		
				database etc.).		

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
15.	Operational Leadership Framework with clearly defined structure and opportunities for participation through the Heritage Forum and Working Groups approach. The Network Delivery Model has been activated and benefits of this approach are apparent encouraging new partners to participate. By this point there is no need for an externally funded post (Heritage Coordinator) to facilitate the Framework or Delivery Model.	Self-sustaining Leadership Framework and Network Delivery Model. Participation from new partners, including cross-sectoral and regional partners.	Time to facilitate and attend Heritage Forum and Working Group meetings.	Continue to operate over 2022 and 2023 (no funding required).	Inverciyde Cultural Partnership. Watt Institution remains critical to an effective Network Delivery Model.	8
16.	Conduct Options Appraisals/ Feasibility Studies for priority redundant heritage assets (implementing recommendations from Action 12).	An understanding of the optimum way forward for priority redundant/ under-utilised heritage assets.	Funding to appoint external experts to deliver robust and objective assessment. All costs are subject to funding bids.	Funding obtained as part of Action 12.	Inverclyde Cultural Partnership delegated to Redundant Heritage Assets Working Group.	1, 2, 9

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		MEDIUM TERM (2022, 2023)			
17.	Take forward any capital projects resulting	Sustainable redevelopment for at least one	Working Group time	Submit NLHF	Inverciyde Cultural	1, 2, 9
	from Redundant Heritage Assets Assessment	of Inverclyde's significant and at risk heritage	and commitment.	Development	Partnership with	
	(Action 12). Given that Inverclyde is an NLHF	assets. Creating both use and non-use value		Stage application	Working Group,	
	target area, there should be an aspiration to	from redundant heritage asset/s adding to	Support from property	in 2022/23.		
	take at least one capital project forward to the	the quality of the historic environment and	owner (if not already			
	funder over the medium to longer term	sense of place and pride it espouses.	represented in Working	Project delivery		
	(additional to the capacity building related		Group).	timetable		
	funding application outlined in Action 6).		All costs are subject to	dependent on		
			funding bids.	asset which is to		
			Budget for professional	be redeveloped		
			expertise to develop	and nature of the		
			funding application.	interventions		
18.	Digitisation Training Delivered and Digital	Resource sharing and positive promotion of	Funding to set up	Funding secured	Inverciyde Cultural	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
	Assets Database Operational (developed as	Inverclyde's heritage assets.	database and deliver	as per Action 13.	Partnership with	
	per Action 13). Note that this database will be		training. Budget TBC		relevant Working Group.	
	separate from the existing Past Perfect	Sector skilled in digitisation.	(dependent on the	Database	Support from Heritage	
	system utilised by the Museum and Library		requirements).	developed and	Coordinator. The Watt	
	service. The new digital assets database will		All costs are subject to	training delivered	Institution will be a key	
	encompass the artefacts and materials		funding bids.	from 2022 to 2023	partner (Action H).	
	available by other groups, charities and			Q1 (Jan – Mar)		
	individuals across Inverclyde. Key information			whilst Heritage		
	from Past Perfect would be incorporated to			Coordinator is in		
	provide a comprehensive picture.			post.		

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)			
	MEDIUM TERM (2022, 2023)								
19	Further embed heritage protection within planning framework and pursue the idea that every capital development project should include a heritage element e.g. interpretation, heritage inspired public art, the naming of streets or sites, public engagement activity etc., interpretation/ commemoration for all historically significant buildings and public realm.	Heritage is remembered, visible and celebrated. Enhanced sense of relevance and pride felt amongst local residents towards their heritage.	Time	Policy in place by 2022-23.	Inverclyde Alliance with Inverclyde Council Environment, Regeneration and Resources Directorate. The Council's Heritage Advocate (Action 4) will be an important enabler.	1, 2, 3, 7			
20	Building on the results of the Capacity and Skills Audit and associated Training (Action 7), groups across the sector will have developed new engagement opportunities for school pupils. Rather than being a defined programme delivered solely by one organisation (although the Watt Institution will play a key role – See Action J), enhancing engagement opportunities for school pupils will be adopted as a collective ambition, taken forward by individual organisations in line with their own objectives and aspirations. The Leadership Framework through the Heritage Forum provides the space for organisations to share their plans and coordinate both funding	More opportunities for school pupils to learn about their local heritage. New opportunities which excite and inspire young people about heritage encouraging life-long appreciation. A strategic approach which assists cultural organisations to access funding and maximise the positive impact generated.	At a strategic level, time and commitment to the Leadership Framework and participation at Heritage Forum events. Applications would be developed by organisations individually in order to access necessary funding.	Funding applications made after the completion of the Capacity and Skills Audit and associated Training. Focus on delivering new schools programmes across 2021, 2022 and 2023.	Heritage Forum members.	3, 5, 9			

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		MEDIUM TE	RM (2022, 2023)			
	applications and activity delivery in order to minimise conflict and realise reciprocal benefits. Developing an education focussed network delivery model will assist organisations to establish how their individual aspirations can support and benefit those of others and will be an important development planning tool.		Seminars on how to write effective funding applications could be delivered through the Heritage Forum by members who have skills and experience in this area.			
21.	Use of community centres and libraries as heritage engagement centres to provide additional locations where heritage activity can take place (especially in communities where there is no dedicated heritage hub). Library staff would support increasing the profile of heritage and could provide advice and support to people undertaking heritage activity / research. Arts and other creative responses and programming could assist libraries and community centres as they seek to engage more audiences. Members of Inverclyde's creative community should be involved in the development and delivery.	Increased heritage engagement amongst locals including more diverse audiences currently prevented from participating due to actual and/ or perceived socio- economic or cultural barriers. Enhanced sense of relevance and pride felt amongst local towards their heritage. Volunteering/ skills development.	Budget to develop displays Training for Library staff All costs are subject to funding bids.	Library staff included in Capacity and Skills audit (Action 7) 2020 Q2 (Apr – Jun) to Q3 (Jul – Sep). Training and piloting delivered in 2020/21 in readiness for roll- out across Inverclyde in 2022- 23.	Led by Libraries, Education Development and Arts Manager with input from Watt Institution staff.	3, 4, 5, 9

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		MEDIUM TE	RM (2022, 2023)			
22.	Mainstream an annual Inverciyde Heritage Festival (anticipating the results of the Interpretation Strategy, Actions 8 and 10). Festival theme to be recognisably 'Inverciyde' with scope for settlement/ asset specific interpretation and celebration. Partnerships should be developed with cultural sector organisations from across Inverciyde and cross-sectoral delivery partners such as those in education and health and well-being.	Engagement from locals and visitors. Enhanced sense of relevance and pride felt amongst local towards their heritage. Increased profile and appeal of Inverclyde as a destination. Volunteering/ skills development.	Funding to deliver festival. Partner and volunteer time input. All costs are subject to funding bids.	Festival development in 2020/21 leading to delivery in 2022. Specific timing to be funding or partner dependent. Funding opportunities for 2020 'Year of is £10,000 - £50,000 through EventScotland.	Inverciyde Cultural Partnership delegated to Festival Working Group (potentially merging with ICP Outcome Delivery Plan Festival & Events Sub-group).	3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9
23.	Development of a Heritage Brand for Inverclyde. Positioning the region's rich and diverse range of heritage under a collective 'umbrella' will enhance awareness and promote engagement. This is a particularly effective tool for promoting Inverclyde as a visitor destination. There should be a website to communicate the brand and function as an 'access' point to the region's heritage allowing those who access it to compile their own routes and itineraries etc. The ways in which heritage is presented should draw from the findings of the Interpretation Strategy (Action 8) ensuring an 'authentic' narrative	A tool for promoting and communicating the breadth of heritage creating a single point of access. Using heritage as a key means to enhance Inverclyde as a visitor destination. Consistency in cross-sectoral messaging in order to maximise the appeal of Inverclyde as a destination.	Funding to appoint brand/ marketing consultants Funding to develop website and other brand-related resources. All costs are subject to funding bids.	Partnership involvement is critical for success, involving all with a vested interest in destination development e.g. Inverclyde Alliance, Inverclyde Council, Riverside Inverclyde, VisitScotland etc.	Inverciyde Alliance	4, 7, 8

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		MEDIUM TERM (2022, 2023)			
	with a consistency in how heritage resonates locally with how it is presented externally. The Inverciyde Alliance Local Outcome Improvement Plan suggests that plans are underway to develop a brand for inverciyde more widely. Heritage-specific branding should fit within this wider brand identity. Arts should also feature within this. The role for further developing Creative Inverciyde such that it sits as the counterpart to a Heritage Inverciyde should be considered.	Encouraging more cruise ship passengers to remain in Inverclyde and increased penetration of the day trip market as initial audience development targets in the medium term.		A Working Group should be formed in 2022 aiming to launch the brand by the end of 2023.		
24.	Monitoring and Evaluation – formative assessment of progress made over the first five years of the Strategy relative to the baseline position and phase 1 formative assessment (Action 14). This could be achieved via a survey with the sector, distributed across the Heritage Network via the Heritage Forum. Ideally the results would be incorporated within wider ICP Self-Evaluation assessment.	Understanding of progress made, new issues/ challenges which have arisen, potential new opportunities. Determining actions that will enable Strategy objectives and aims to be met over the remaining duration of the Strategy. Continuing to promote cross-sectoral approach to cultural engagement.	Time from Working Group to develop and analyse survey. Depending on expertise of WG, potential need for external evaluator support.	Evaluation completed by the end of 2023.	Inverclyde Cultural Partnership self- evaluation sub-group	All

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		LONG TERM: 2024, 2025	i, 2026, 2027, 2028			
25.	Continuation of Leadership Framework and Network Delivery Model	Self-sustaining Leadership Framework and Network Delivery Model. Participation from new partners, including cross-sectoral and regional partners.	Time to facilitate and attend Heritage Forum and Working Group meetings.	Continues to operate over 2024 – 2028	Inverciyde Cultural Partnership. Watt Institution remains critical to an effective Network Delivery Model.	8
26.	Response to findings of mid-strategy evaluation	Determining actions that will enable Strategy objectives and aims to be met over the remaining duration of the Strategy. Continuing to promote cross-sectoral approach to cultural engagement.	Challenges and remedies discussed. Potential issue of updated Heritage Strategy.	Modifications to strategy determined in 2024.	Inverciyde Cultural Partnership self- evaluation sub-group	All
27.	Continued capital project(s) development including: • Securing funding for project(s) which are mid-development (Action 17) and moving into delivery • Developing funding applications for new capital projects (informed by Action 16). Note that the current NLHF Strategic Funding Framework runs to 2024.	Action plan developed that will see sustainable redevelopment of priority heritage buildings. At least one project proceeding to delivery phase, with other projects in planning.	Project-specific Working Group(s). External support to develop funding applications	Capital project one delivered by 2027 Continue to match projects identified as a result of Action 16 to funding opportunities.	Overall responsibility depends on asset ownership.	1, 2, 9

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	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
	Continuing to conduct Options Appraisals/ Feasibility Studies (Action 16) as appropriate	Creating both use and non-use value from redundant heritage asset/s adding to the quality of the historic environment and sense of place and pride it espouses.	and other studies may be required. Full funding for first capital project(s) secured.			
28.	Continued development of the Heritage Brand for Inverclyde, taking advantage of new opportunities as Inverclyde's market grows.	Developing Inverciyde as a destination requires more than heritage, with arts and other recreational activity playing an important role as well as accommodation supply and other infrastructure. Concomitant development of all destination components will enable significant enhancement of Inverciyde as a tourist destination.	Coordinated development and promotional messaging.	Partnership involvement is critical for success, involving all with a vested interest in destination development e.g. Inverclyde Alliance, Inverclyde Council, Riverside Inverclyde, VisitScotland etc. Continued over 2024 – 2028	Inverclyde Alliance	4, 7, 8

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)		
	LONG TERM: 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028							
29.	Summative Strategy Evaluation – as part of wider ICP Self-Evaluation Assessment.	The evaluation is a means to: Understand the impact of the Heritage Strategy relative to vision, aims and objectives Understand the collective impact with the Arts & Creativity Strategy and other ICP initiatives Highlight key lessons learned Inform next steps for continuing cultural engagement in Inverclyde	Time and potentially external expertise	Conducted in 2029	Inverclyde Alliance	All		

An outline Action Plan for the Watt Institution is set out below. The Action Plan for the Watt Institution envisages a mixed model in terms of funding and service delivery is essential in order for the Watt Institution to maintain and enhance its role at the heart of Inverclyde's heritage sector. With a funding mix comprising reduced core funding, where increased support is sought from national bodies, and where there is greater reliance on partners and stakeholders to access funding and deliver initiatives, there is an opportunity to recast the role of the Watt Institution, to reshape its activities and to introduce new and creative ways of working. The below sets out key actions for the Watt Institution in order to achieve this. These actions cannot be viewed in isolation but are embedded within the overarching Heritage Strategy Implementation Plan. Where relevant, actions for the Watt Institution are correlated with those identified for the sector at large as detailed in the Implementation Plan above.

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM	(2019, 2020, 2021)			
A	Implement staff review in order to determine: i. Suitability of existing posts (role, FTE etc) in order to deliver the services of the now integrated Watt Institution ii. Any new roles and/ or rationalisation of existing roles which may be required. With the Watt Institution as a primary hub in a much more connected heritage network, outreach activity and partnership liaison is a critical component of the Watt Institution's role going forward. Adequate staff resource in this area is essential. iii. Skill gaps and training requirements in light of i and ii. Exercise is a pre-curser to the wider sector Capacity Skills Audit and Training exercise (Activity 7). It is essential that in advance of this the revised Watt Institution staff structure is in place with staff fully trained in their respective positions.	Watt Institution staff structure is compatible with the needs of the now integrated museum and library and staff are equipped to deliver services required. Watt Institution staff are equipped to participate in the wider sector Capacity building exercises (Activity 7).	Staff time	Conduct review 2019 Q3 – 4 Posts created/ rationalised and necessary training delivered 2019 Q4 – 2020 Q1	Libraries, Education Development and Arts Manager with Inverclyde Council Human Resources	

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM (2	2019, 2020, 202	1)		
В	Develop partner relationships and implement expanded	Demonstrable commitment to the	Review of existing	Watt Institution	Appointment led by	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9
	outreach programme across Inverclyde. It is envisaged	sector and audiences that the	Council revenue	Outreach post in place	Libraries, Education	
	that as a result of Action A there will be a dedicated	Watt Institution seeks to reposition	funding to appoint	before end of 2020 Q1	Development and Arts	
	Outreach post and associated budget for outreach activity	itself at the heart of a more	Outreach Officer	(and in advance of	Manager.	
	within central library and museum funding allocations. This	connected cultural sector		appointment of		
	post-holder would build on the relationships developed by		Sector-wide	Heritage Coordinator –	For activities	
	the Great Places Project Officer and would lead on the	Changing perceptions towards	impact can only	proposed for 2020 Q2)	implementation, input	
	planning and delivery of outreach activities and initiatives.	heritage and facilitating	be achieved by		from Heritage Forum	
	Initially outreach output is likely to be modest however as	engagement with under-	pooling resources	Outreach activity	partners is essential.	
	the Network Delivery Model is developed and activated and	represented audiences	and expertise	planning and budgeting		
	other sector-wide initiatives gather momentum (and	particularly young people, socially	between Heritage	for year 1 and longer		
	crucially funding) outreach activity will expand (see Activity	isolated older people and those	Forum partners.	term aspirations for		
	C below). Types of activity which should be considered for	unable to engage in heritage	Buy-in and	outreach established by		
	the short term and/ or planned over the medium term	activity through economic	commitment from	end 2020 Q1		
	should include:	circumstance and/ or disability.	the sector is			
	Collections boxes		essential for			
	Temporary or pop-up exhibitions with other attractions,		achieving the			
	community centres, libraries or vacant shop premises		stated outreach			
	as per the Heritage Hub (where security and		objectives.			
	environmental requirements allow)					

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
		SHORT TERM (2	2019, 2020, 202	1)		
В	 Activity programming which takes place at attractions or during events/ celebrations across the region. Workshops delivered with schools across the region Projects with local communities exploring 'their heritage' and how this links with the Watt Institution collections Programming which reaches under-represented audiences should be a focus. The Outreach post-holder should be in place ahead of the Heritage Coordinator and would provide support to the Heritage Coordinator in determining and delivering outreach components of the capacity building exercises. It is recommended that the Outreach post-holder is in place and has clarity on the Watt Institution's priorities and resources in advance of the appointment of the Heritage Coordinator (Action 6). There would be a close working relationship between the Watt Institution Outreach Officer and the Heritage Coordinator: 					

Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
	SHORT TERM (2019, 2020, 202	1)		
C Decision making and planning for outreach will form a p	art of Clarity on internal audience	Attendance and	Internal priorities	At a strategic level, the	8
a wider activity programming process for the Watt	engagement and programming	participation at all	established by end of	Inverclyde Council	
Institution, determining its aspirations and priorities and	priorities	Heritage Forum	2019 (in parallel with	representatives in the	
balancing programme delivery on-site with that which is		meetings and all	staff structure review	Inverciyde Cultural	
delivered elsewhere.	Facilitating a partnership	relevant Working	and appointment of	Partnership. Support	
	approach to heritage engagement	Group meetings.	Outreach officer)	would be provided by the	
As a key cog in the Heritage Network Delivery Model, in	initiatives maximising the			Great Places Project	
parallel with this internal planning process the Watt Inst	tution audience reach and benefit		2019, Q3 (Jul - Sep),	Officer and, once in post,	
should also scope out opportunities for collaborative	achieved.		Watt Institution is a key	the Watt Institution	
initiatives with regional and national partners, defini	ng		contributor leading to	Outreach Officer.	
the support required from a partner and beginning			the confirmation and		
discussions to progress specific projects. This could inc	lude		implementation of		
but not be limited to borrowing items for exhibition, joint			proposed Leadership		
programming, participation in regional, national or them	atic		Framework and Network		
events, joint marketing campaigns and so on. Joint fund	ling		Delivery Model (Action		
applications may result from these discussions. Discus-	ions		5).		
would take place at Heritage Forum meetings and					
subsequent Working Group meetings.			Partnership activities		
			and potential funding		
			applications discussed		
			from 2020.		

	Action	What do we want to	What is	When and how will	Who will take	Relevant Strategy
		achieve?	required?	we get there?	responsibility?	Objective(s)
			(Resources)	(Funding and	(Owner and	
				Timetable)	Contributor)	
		SHORT TERM (2	2019, 2020, 202	1)		
D.	Watt Institution staff will identify thematic links between	Enhanced awareness of and	Staff time to	Thematic links should	Led by Libraries,	3, 4, 5, 7, 8, 9
	its collections and exhibitions and offers provided at	increased engagement with Watt	establish thematic	be identified in advance	Education Development	
	other sites and organisations across Inverclyde.	Institution collections helping to	links.	of the Interpretation	and Arts Manager with	
	Linkages will be promoted and capitalised upon to	address several socio-economic		Strategy (Action 8, late	input from Watt	
	maximise sharing of audiences. This may include the	and cultural barriers to	Consultation as	2019 into 2020) using	Institution staff, including	
	creation of display boards in the Watt, trails, leaflets,	participation.	part of	the development of the	the Outreach Officer.	
	activities and so on. To feed into Watt Institution activity		Interpretation	Strategy for further		
	planning and budgeting, within which outreach is	Enhanced awareness of and	Strategy funding.	consultation/		
	anticipated as a key area of focus (Action B).	increased engagement with other		discussion and piloting		
		heritage assets/ collections across	Budget to develop	(2020 Q4 – 2021 Q2).		
		Inverclyde.	resources.			
				Continue to develop		
		Partnership development that will		methods of		
		lead to future collaborative		engagement in		
		initiatives.		response to the		
				findings of the Strategy		
		Activity programme that reflects		and incorporated with		
		aspirations of the Watt Institution		the resultant action		
		whilst firmly embedded in the		plan (2021).		
		shared, collective strategy for the				
		sector.		Use as a basis to		
				inform Watt Institution		
				activity planning and		
				budgeting over 2020,		
				2021 and beyond.		
						53

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)
E	Review Watt Institution's loan policy and confirm	Greater access to and use of the	2019, 2020, 202 Staff time	Conduct review 2020	Libraries, Education	1, 3, 4, 5,
	artefacts which can be shared and conditions of this. Make collections status and availability information available to partners to make it easier for community organisations and others to borrow objects, subject to meeting all collections management and protection requirements (part of Action 9 above).	Watt's Institution's collections by the wider community.		Q4 (Oct - Dec) to 2021 Q2 (Apr – Jun) after completion of Interpretation Strategy (Action 8) and as potential partner	Development and Arts Manager	
				initiatives are being discussed (Action C).		
F.	The Watt Institution would be a key partner in the creation of a digital database, sharing information pertaining to its collections and a key participant in the associated digitisation training (Action 17). With a 'train the trainer' approach, Watt Institution staff would share their skils with other across the sector in line with its role as a primary hub in the Network Delivery model. Delivery of digitisation training and creating digital database (Action 17) – the Watt Institution is a key delivery partner.	Resource sharing and positive promotion of Inverclyde's heritage assets. Watt Institution staff skilled in digitisation and in a position to train others.	Funding to set up database and deliver training. Budget TBC (dependent on the requirements). Watt Institution staff time as participants.	Funding secured as per Action 12. Database developed and training delivered from 2022 to 2023 Q1 (Jan – Mar) whilst Heritage Coordinator is in post.	Watt Institution staff presence on Working Group and training participants.	1, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9

Action		What do we want to achieve?	What is required?	When and how	Who will take responsibility?	Relevant Strategy		
			(Resources)	will we get	(Owner and Contributor)	Objective(s)		
				there? (Funding				
				and Timetable)				
	MEDIUM TERM (2022, 2023)							
G.	Training for Watt Institution staff		Staff time to devise and	All training delivered	Led by Libraries, Education	3, 4, 5, 9		
	delivered as part of staff	locals including more diverse audiences	deliver training	by end of 2022.	Development and Arts Manager			
	organisational integration and staff re-	currently prevented from participating	programmes		with input from Watt Institution			
	structure exercise (Action A) rolled	due to actual and/ or perceived socio-			Staff.			
	out to library staff across	economic or cultural barriers.						
	Inverciyde as heritage engagement							
	becomes a core feature of community	Enhanced sense of relevance and pride						
	centres and libraries across the region	felt amongst local towards their heritage.						
	(Action 19). Training needs are							
	identified as part of the Capacity and	Volunteering/ skills development.						
	Skills Audit (Action 7).							
Н	Continued expansion and	More people engage with heritage	Staff time to develop	Initiatives contingent	Inverclyde Cultural Partnership	3, 5, 6, 8, 9		
	development of Watt Institution		programmes in partnership	upon successful	assume ultimate responsibility for			
	outreach programming, including	Engaging with under-represented		funding applications.	setting up the Working Groups			
	delivery of partnership initiatives	audiences particularly young people,			and approving actions that lead			
	developed during the initial years of	socially isolated older people and those			to and arrangements			
	the Strategy (see Actions B, C and D)	unable to engage in heritage activity			underpinning partnership funding			
	for which funding has now been	through economic circumstance and/ or			applications. Support from			
	secured.	disability.			Heritage Cooridnator is also key.			
		With the delivery of partnership initiatives			Watt Institution has a			
		the reciprocal benefits of the Heritage			responsibility to participate in			
		Network and Heritage forum are realised			meetings and commit to			
		helping to fuel its continuation.			supporting the Leadership			
					Framework and Delivery model.			
					Outreach Officer time will be key.	55		

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)		
	MEDIUM TERM (2022, 2023)							
I.	Internal Monitoring and Evaluation – Watt Institution specific formative assessment, with more specific and detailed metrics than that conducted for the Strategy overall (Action 22). This could be achieved via a series of surveys (with visitors, non-visitors, staff and volunteers). Coordination with Strategy focussed monitoring and evaluation activity is key.	Determining progress against internal aims and objectives. Setting targets and budgets for the coming years.	Watt Institution staff time. Coordination with Heritage Strategy evaluators.	Evaluation completed by the end of 2023.	Led by Libraries, Education Development and Arts Manager in coordination with Inverclyde Cultural Partnership self-evaluation sub-group.	All		
			LONG-TERM (2024 – end	2028)				
J.	Continue to deliver training, engagement activity and other support as the core node in the Network Delivery Model. In line with this continued reciprocal benefits are realised. By this point external partnerships should be developed (if not already in place) including with other local authorities and national organisations — particularly as Inverclyde develops as a visitor destination.	The Watt Institution cemented as the core node in Inverclyde's heritage network.	Effective partnership agreements and pooling resources	Sustaining the Network Delivery Model is adopted as a core Watt Institution strategic objective. Where appropriate formal partnership agreements made.	Head of Culture, Communities and Education Resources	2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9		

	Action	What do we want to achieve?	What is required? (Resources)	When and how will we get there? (Funding and Timetable)	Who will take responsibility? (Owner and Contributor)	Relevant Strategy Objective(s)	
	LONG-TERM (2024 – end 2028)						
K.	Internal Summative Evaluation	Determining progress against internal aims and objectives. Setting targets and budgets for the coming years.	Watt Institution staff time. Coordination with Heritage Strategy evaluators.	Completed in 2029	Led by Libraries, Education Development and Arts Manager	All	



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